

## ARTICLE 2. MERIT EMPLOYEES

### Rule 1. Definitions

#### 31 IAC 2-1-1 Definitions

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2

Sec. 1. As used in 31 IAC 2, unless the context plainly requires another meaning, the following terms shall have meaning as indicated:

- (a) "Act" means the State Personnel Act, IC 4-15-2 and any amendments thereto.
- (b) "Classified service" means all offices and positions of trust and employment in the state service under the State Personnel Act IC 4-15-2 except those placed in the unclassified service by the Act IC 4-15-2.
- (c) "Board" means the state personnel board.
- (d) "Director" means the state personnel director.
- (e) "Agency" means a state or county department or a division of the state service named specifically in the definition of "state service", in the Act IC 4-15-2, all positions of which are under the same appointing authority.
- (f) "Position" means a group of current duties and responsibilities, assigned or delegated by competent authority, and approved by the state personnel division, requiring the full-time or part-time employment of one (1) person.
- (g) "Reclassification" means a change of an individual position by raising it to a higher class, reducing it to a lower class, or moving it to another class in the same pay level on the basis of significant changes in the kind, difficulty, or responsibility of the work performed in such position. It does not involve the change of an employee from one (1) position to another.
- (h) "Class" means one (1) or more positions sufficiently alike in duties and responsibilities to warrant the same descriptive title, pay range and minimum qualifications.
  - (i) "Allocation" means the assignment of an individual position to a class.
  - (j) "Employment list" means an eligible list, reemployment list, promotional list, or intermittent employment list.
  - (k) "Reinstatement" means the return of an employee to the previous state of his employment by reason of an order of the appointing authority, director, state employees appeals commission, a properly designated arbiter, or a court.
  - (l) "Assembled examination" means an examination in which applicants are called together in one (1) or more designated centers to compete in a written examination according to procedures established and controlled by the examining staff.
  - (m) "Unassembled examination" means an examination in which applicants are subject only to general controls as to the manner in which required material is submitted to the examining staff for review and rating and usually does not involve the calling of applicants together prior to appointment.
  - (n) "Starting salary" means the rate of pay, within a salary range for any classification, at which a new employee is to be hired.
  - (o) "Duration appointment" means an appointment made during time of war, state or national disaster, or similar circumstances resulting in a general manpower shortage, under the authority of a resolution of the state personnel board authorizing such appointments. To be eligible for a duration appointment the appointee must possess the minimum qualifications for the class to which he is given a duration appointment but not have successfully completed the required examination. Whenever an eligible list is established for the class in which the duration appointment is made, the duration appointment will be terminated.
  - (p) "Temporary appointment" means an appointment to a position in the merit service for a maximum period of ninety (90) working days.
  - (q) "Part-time appointment" means an appointment to a position which does not require full-time performance but does require at least half-time performance on a regular basis, that is, a predetermined amount of time per day or per week. A part-time employee is paid a percentage of the biweekly salary received by comparably classified full-time employees.
  - (r) "Intermittent appointment" means an appointment to a position which requires performance on an irregular or "as needed" basis. This type of appointment is limited to 180 working days in a twelve (12) month period unless an exception is allowed in accordance with 31 IAC 2-7-4(c).
  - (s) "Emergency appointment" means an appointment made whenever an emergency makes it impossible to fill a position in the classified service under any other provision of the State Personnel Act IC 4-15-2. An emergency appointment is limited to ten (10) days.
  - (t) "Promotion" means a change of a regular employee from one (1) class to another class having a higher maximum salary rate.
  - (u) "Demotion" means a change of a regular employee from one (1) class to another class having a lower maximum salary rate.

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(v) "Return to status" means the change of an employee from a classification to which he has been promoted on a duration or working test basis to a classification in which he has prior permanent status.

(w) "Reemployment" means the appointment of an individual who has previously been a regular employee.

(x) "Transfer" means the change of an employee from one (1) position to another position in the same class or a similar class with essentially the same basic qualifications and same maximum salary limit.

(y) "Probationary employee" means an employee serving a working test following appointment from an employment list.

(z) "Regular employee" means an employee who has met the minimum qualifications, passed the examination, completed the working test period, and has been certified by the appointing authority for the specific classification.

(aa) "Permanent status" reflects the right or rights granted to an individual who has met the experience and training requirements of the position he occupies, passed the required examination, and successfully completed his working test period.

(bb) "Preference eligible" means (1) a veteran who has been honorably separated from the armed forces of the United States; or (2) the spouse of an honorably separated veteran with a service-connected disability; or (3) the unmarried spouse of a deceased veteran who was honorably separated from the armed forces of the United States. All of these individuals are granted additional points on their examination and other rights accorded by the State Personnel Act IC 4-15-2.

(cc) "War" means active duty service as defined in subsection (dd) of this section in either:

(1) World War I – April 6, 1917 to November 11, 1918. This period is extended to April 1, 1920 if the veteran served in Russia. For purposes of satisfying the active duty requirement in subsection (dd) of this section, the war period will be extended to July 1, 1921, if the veteran served at any time during April 6, 1917 through November 11, 1918 and completed his service prior to July 1, 1921; or

(2) World War II – December 7, 1941 to December 31, 1946; or

(3) Korean Conflict – June 27, 1950 to January 31, 1955; or

(4) Viet Nam Conflict – August 5, 1964 to May 7, 1975; or

(5) Actual combat or equally hazardous duty, regardless of time, in any foreign war, insurrection, or expedition which service is recognized by the award of a service and/or campaign medal of the United States.

(dd) "Active duty" means

(1) at least ninety (90) days or more wartime service; or

(2) ninety (90) days or more of consecutive service which began or ended during a wartime period; or

(3) at least ninety (90) days or more combined services in two (2) or more wartime periods; or

(4) if less than ninety (90) days were served, but the veteran was discharged for a disability incurred in the line of duty, this will satisfy the "active duty" requirement.

(ee) "Provisional appointment" means an appointment authorized by the director when an appropriate list is not available. To be eligible for a provisional appointment the appointee must meet the minimum qualifications for the class, but not have successfully completed the required examination. Whenever an eligible list is established for the class in which the provisional appointment is made, the provision appointment will be terminated. However, no provisional appointee shall hold his position for more than six (6) months.

(ff) "Pay period" means a time period, standardized for payroll purposes, used to compute compensation due an employee.

(gg) "Legal quarantine" means quarantine established pursuant to IC 18-1-1.5-7 [IC 18 was repealed by Acts 1982, P.L.127, SECTION 2(b)], IC 16-1-13-2 [IC 16-1-13 was repealed by P.L.4-1988, SECTION 13, effective July 1, 1988.], IC 16-1-3-7 [IC 16-1 was repealed by P.L.2-1993, SECTION 209, effective April 30, 1993.], or IC 16-1-10-9 [IC 16-1-10 was repealed by P.L.123-1988, SECTION 31, effective July 1, 1988.].

(hh) "Hourly employee" means an employee appointed to a position requiring less than half-time performance and for which the employees [sic.] is paid on an hourly basis. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1565; filed Apr 28, 1950, 4:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 243; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 191; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 109; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 499; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 645; filed Jan 10, 1979, 3:40 pm: 2 IR 136; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2084; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 pm: 7 IR 14, eff Jan 1, 1984; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 1, Sec. 1-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

## **Rule 2. Organization for Personnel Administration**

**31 IAC 2-2-1 Open meetings of personnel board**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-1-3; IC 4-15-2-35

Sec. 1. All meetings of the State Personnel Advisory Board shall be conducted in accordance with the Indiana Open Door Law. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1567; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 193; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 111; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 502; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2086; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 2, Sec. 2-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**Rule 3. The Classification Plan**

**31 IAC 2-3-1 Revision of classes**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-9

Sec. 1. Whenever the creation, abolition, subdivision, or consolidation of classes appears necessary due to the creation of a new position, change in organization, or change in functions or duties of an individual position, the Director, after conferring with the appointing authority or authorities, shall prepare class specifications for the classes affected. Affected agencies and institutions shall be notified of the proposed revision.

The State Personnel Department shall afford these agencies and institutions an opportunity to express their viewpoints concerning such revisions before action is taken. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 3, Sec 3-1; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 193; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 111; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 502; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2086; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-3-2 Allocation of new position**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-9; IC 4-15-2-10

Sec. 2. Position Allocation. When a new position is contemplated, the appointing authority shall request establishment of the position before it may be filled and, except as otherwise provided by these rules, no person shall be appointed to or employed in a position until the position has been allocated to a class and approved by the Personnel Director or until the classification plan has been amended to provide therefor. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 3, Sec 3-2; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 194; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 111; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 503; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-3-3 Reallocation of positions**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-9

Sec. 3. Position Reallocation. When the duties of a position or positions are changed substantially, the Director may order a review of the position or positions involved. Upon completing the review, he may order that the position or positions be allocated to a more appropriate established class. Reallocations shall not be used to avoid restrictions pertaining to lay-offs, suspensions, dismissals, demotions, and promotions. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 3, Sec 3-3; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 194; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 111; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 503;*

*readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-3-4 Effect of reallocation**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-9; IC 4-15-2-10

Sec. 4. Effect of Reallocation. The incumbent shall not be continued in the position unless he is eligible for and actually receives an appointment to a position in the new class. If a position is reallocated to a class having a higher salary range, eligibility shall be determined by use of the procedure outlined in Rule 7, Section 7-5 [31 IAC 2-7-5]. If reallocation is to another class at the same salary level, eligibility shall be measured by possession of minimum qualifications for the new class.

If a position is reallocated to a lower class, the incumbent's name shall be placed on the appropriate employment list for the class to which the position was previously allocated, and the individual shall be eligible for transfer, demotion, or return to status as provided in these rules. Further, whenever a position is reallocated to a class in a lower pay grade, the employee holding the position at the time of the reallocation shall be paid within the established salary range for the class to which the position is reallocated provided said employee is eligible to fill the position in the new class. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 3, Sec 3-4; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 194; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 112; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 503; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 645; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**Rule 4. The Pay Plan**

**31 IAC 2-4-1 Revision of pay plan; approval**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-11

Sec. 1. Whenever, as a result of changes in classes, living costs, availability of labor supply, prevailing rates of pay, or the financial policy of the State, a revision of the pay plan appears desirable, the Director, after consultation with the budget agency, shall prepare recommended revisions to the pay plan. The revision in pay rates shall take effect the next succeeding budget period following adoption by the State Personnel Director and approval by the State Budget Agency and the Governor, unless some other effective date is designated by the State Personnel Director and the State Budget Agency. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 4, Sec 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1568; filed Apr 28, 1950, 4:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 245; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 195; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 143; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 112; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 503; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2086; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 4, Sec. 4-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-4-2 Minimum salary; advancement; change in status**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-1

Sec. 2. (a) All regulations affecting administration of the pay plan shall be designed, in accordance with the intents and purposes of IC 4-15-2-1 of the state personnel act, as amended, to guarantee equal opportunities and equal incentives for entrance to the service, an opportunity for advancement according to fair standards of accomplishment and compliance with the Equal Pay Act (29 U.S.C. 206(d)).

(b) The established minimum for a class normally shall be paid upon appointment to the class. However, employment at a salary above the established rate may be approved by the director and the state budget agency on certification by the appointing authority and his or her board's approval, if necessary, that such action is justified. If a former employee is reemployed, the appointing

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authority shall make appointment at the same rate of pay the employee had been receiving when the employee was last in that class or a class of the same salary range, or at the nearest higher dollar amount to the salary received before separation which is within the current salary range for the class.

(c) If an employee is changed to a class in a higher salary level, the starting salary for which is less than the salary he or she receives, no change need be made in his or her existing rate unless an adjustment is necessary to place the salary in the range or unless a salary increase is approved by the appointing authority and the director. If an employee is changed to a class in a lower salary level, he or she shall remain at his or her current salary only if it does not exceed the maximum of the new range and the director determines that salary reduction within the new range is not required.

(d) Salary advancement within the established range shall be dependent upon specific written recommendation and shall be based upon meritorious service as indicated by service ratings and other pertinent data. Whenever an employee transfers from a position under the jurisdiction of one (1) appointing authority to a position in the same class under the jurisdiction of a different appointing authority, the beginning rate of pay in the new position shall not be more than the rate of pay the employee was receiving in the position from which he or she is being transferred. Salary increases granted to employees in the classified service shall be made on the basis of the approved increment plan.

(e) Each change in status and each salary increase shall be submitted on a prescribed form for the approval of the director. Such changes may be made as of the requested effective date only if they are received in the offices of the state personnel department prior to the effective date.

(f) Any salary paid to an employee shall represent the total remuneration for the employee, not including reimbursements for official travel.

(g) Charges for subsistence or maintenance received shall be deducted from the total salary.

(h) An employee whose substitution on unrelated positions does not involve working more than the normal number of hours shall not be paid additional compensation for the additional duties. No such substitution shall exceed four (4) consecutive calendar weeks.

(i) Whenever an employee works for a period less than the regularly established number of hours a day, days a week, or days a month, the amount paid shall be governed by the rate for full-time work and shall be proportionate to the time actually employed.

(j) The payment of a separate salary from two (2) or more agencies for duties performed in each of such employments is permissible if the salaries received are in proper proportion to the percentage of full-time work in each agency.

(k) No employee in the state service shall supplement any state salary through activities engaged in or on state property, such as the following:

(1) Collecting commissions.

(2) Owning and operating concessions.

(3) Rendering personal or other service to patients, inmates, clients, wards, or the public.

No employee shall supplement any state salary through activities engaged in or on state property during working hours, such as collecting commissions, owning and operating concessions, or rendering personal or other services to other employees. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 4, Sec 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1569; filed Jun 28, 1948, 4:00 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1949, p. 174; filed Apr 28, 1950, 4:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 246; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 195; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 143; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 112; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 504; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 645; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2087; filed May 10, 1983, 3:07 p.m.: 6 IR 1005, eff Jul 1, 1983; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1978; filed Dec 1, 1997, 4:30 p.m.: 21 IR 1253, eff Jan 1, 1998; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 4, Sec. 4-2. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-4-3 Payroll and attendance records**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-31

Sec. 3. (A) Each appointing authority shall maintain an attendance record for each employee, which record shall be subject to audit by the State Personnel Department at any time.

(B) Pay roll accounts bearing the name and class title or corresponding code number and the amount to be paid every employee

in the classified service shall be submitted to the State Personnel Department for certification immediately following the pay period covered. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 4, Sec 3; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1572; filed Apr 28, 1950, 4:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 250; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 200; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 146; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 114; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 505; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2088; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 4, Sec. 4-3. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**Rule 5. Applications and Examinations**

**31 IAC 2-5-1 Notice of examinations; residency requirement**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-18

Affected: IC 4-15-2-17

Sec. 1. (A) The official location for posting the announcements of examinations shall be in the office of the State Personnel Department in Indianapolis.

The Director may also specify that announcements of examinations be posted in other locations.

(B) Open competitive examinations shall be limited to residents of the State except for classes in which the Director believes there would be inadequate competition.

(C) Announcements for promotional examinations shall be sent to the appointing authority involved, and he shall post such announcements in a conspicuous place accessible to all employees. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1573; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 200; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 115; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 506; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2088; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-5-2 Applications; documentation of training**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-18

Affected: IC 4-15-2-16

Sec. 2. (A) Application shall be made on forms prescribed by the Director. Such forms shall require information covering experience, training, and such other pertinent information as may be requested in the public announcement, and shall be signed by the applicant to signify that he certifies to the truth and accuracy of all statements made therein.

(B) Any individual claiming credit for, or seeking to establish eligibility for, an examination on the basis of training beyond the level of high school graduation must submit prior to the employment an official transcript or other official document to the Personnel Department certifying to the validity of such training. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1573; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 201; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 115; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 506; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2089; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-2. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-5-3 Educational requirements; rejection of applications**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-18

Affected: IC 4-15-2-15; IC 4-15-2-16

Sec. 3. (a) No substitution for the minimum educational requirements will be permitted for any examination in which the state personnel department has ruled that the classification is technical, professional, or scientific.

(b) An applicant for any examination may be required by the state personnel department to furnish verification of qualifying

experience. On any examination for which verification is deemed necessary, the applicant shall be required to furnish suitable evidence of the qualifying experience. Statements of relatives will not be accepted and failure to furnish verification shall be deemed sufficient cause for rejection of the application.

(c) The director may reject the application of any person, strike the name of any person from the promotional list, or refuse to certify the name of any person on a promotional list whenever it is found that such person is not a regular employee or is not an employee of the organizational unit for which the examination is given. The director may reject the application of any person, strike the name of any person from any list, or refuse to certify the name of any person on any list whenever it is found that such person does not meet the minimum training and/or experience qualifications or does not meet other requirements established in the public announcement.

(d) The cause for rejection of any application shall be entered upon the record of the application. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 3; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1574; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 201; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 115; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 506; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2089; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1979; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-3. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-5-4 Types of examinations**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-18  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-15; IC 4-15-2-16

Sec. 4. (A) Examinations may be assembled or unassembled. The State Personnel Department Director shall determine when competition through an assembled examination is impracticable.

For classes in agencies receiving grants-in-aid from the Federal Government, a practical written test will be included, except that, where exceptional qualifications of a scientific or professional character are required, or a license, certificate, or permit issued by a State licensing agency is required, and competition through an assembled examination is impractical, an unassembled examination may be held. All such examinations shall be held on a State-wide or nation-wide basis.

(B) In cases where competition is impracticable, or where positions have been upgraded for reasons other than additional duties and responsibilities, non-competitive qualifying examinations may be administered to regular employees who meet all requirements for the positions to be filled by promotion. All non-competitive qualifying examinations must be approved by the State Personnel Director. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 4; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1574; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 202; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 116; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 507; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2089; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-4. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-5-5 Qualified candidates for examination; conduct of examination**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-18  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-6; IC 4-15-2-17

Sec. 5. (A) Persons shall be entitled to take an examination if they have received official notification from the State Personnel Department.

(B) The Director may designate persons to take charge locally of examinations in various parts of the State, provide for their compensation, and make arrangements for the use of public buildings in which to conduct such examinations. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 5; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1575; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 203; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 116; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 507; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2090; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-5. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-5-6 Return from military leave; promotional examinations**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-18  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-18

Sec. 6. Promotional Examinations for Veterans Returning from Military Leave. As provided elsewhere in these rules [31 IAC 2], an employee returning from a military leave of absence shall be reinstated to a position in the same class as the position in which he served when leave was granted. If, at the time the employee left for military service, he was filling a position by virtue of having been promoted on a duration or provisional basis, he will be reinstated on the same basis. If, during the employee's absence on military leave, a promotional examination was held for the class in which he was so employed, he will be entitled, on his return from leave, to participate in the same examination held during his absence and, if successful, have his name placed on the promotional list in its proper position. This provision is not applicable if the promotional list was established more than four years prior to the date on which the veteran is available for participation. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 6; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1576; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 203; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 116; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 507; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-6. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-5-7 Rating of examinations; passing grade**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-15; IC 4-15-2-18

Sec. 7. (a) In all examinations the minimum grade or rating by which eligibility shall be achieved shall be determined by the director in advance of the holding of the examination. The final examination grade shall be based upon all factors of the examination, which may include educational requirements, experience, and other qualifying elements as shown in the competitor's application or other verified information.

(b) Applicants must obtain at least a passing grade or rating in each successive weighted part of the examination in order to receive a final passing grade.

(c) Test scores are valid until:

- (1) the test is revised;
- (2) the applicant requests to be reevaluated or retested;
- (3) the applicant is no longer available or suitable for employment, under 31 IAC 2; or
- (4) one (1) year from the date of an examination, unless the applicant requests annually that the test scores remain valid for a second year and a third year.

(*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 7; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1576; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 204; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 116; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 507; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 pm: 7 IR 16, eff Jan 1, 1984; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-7. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-5-8 Preference for veterans and spouses**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5; IC 4-15-2-18  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-18

Sec. 8. (A) Any individual claiming preference as a wartime veteran or veteran of the armed services must submit to the State Personnel Department prior to the examination either:

- (1) a certified document evidencing his honorable discharge or separation; or
- (2) an official statement from the Department of Defense showing record of service.

(B) Any individual claiming preference as a disabled veteran must submit, in addition to the above documents, verification from the Veterans Administration or records of disability retirement benefits from the Department of Defense that he has a service-



connected disability of ten percent (10%) or more.

(C) The spouse of a disabled veteran must establish by official record the present existence of a service-connected disability of said veteran. Such spouse shall be entitled to preference points only if the veteran is physically unable to fill a position in the state service.

(D) The unremarried spouse of a veteran must establish such status by submitting his marriage certificate, the veteran's honorable separation from the armed forces of the United States, and his death certificate.

(E) Veterans' preference points will not be granted on promotional examinations. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 5, Sec 8; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1576; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 204; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 117; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 508; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2090; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 5, Sec. 5-8. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

## **Rule 6. Employment Lists and Their Use**

### **31 IAC 2-6-1 Kinds of lists**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-13; IC 4-15-2-14

Sec. 1. Kinds of Lists. Employment lists shall be of four kinds – namely, eligible lists from which original appointments are made; promotional lists from which promotions are made; reemployment lists from which regular employees who were demoted or separated from their position for reasons other than fault or delinquency on their part, may be appointed; and intermittent lists from which regular, probationary, or temporary employees previously appointed in accordance with the rules may be appointed. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 6, Sec 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1577; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 205; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 146; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 117; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 508; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 6, Sec. 6-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

### **31 IAC 2-6-2 Establishment and use of lists**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-13; IC 4-15-2-14

Sec. 2. (A) Employment lists may be established by the Personnel Director on a State-wide, area, or county basis.

(B) The names of eligibles shall be placed on eligible lists in the order of their final ratings.

In the case of tie scores, the names of preference eligibles shall precede all non-preference eligibles having the same final score. The names of non-preference eligibles shall be placed in order of the rating earned in the part of the examination assigned the greatest weight. Any remaining ties may be certified, as a group, to the appointing authority.

Preference eligibles shall not be granted preference points on promotional examinations.

(C) When a regular employee is separated from the service by lay-off, his name shall be placed on the reemployment lists:

(a) the first time a vacancy occurs in the classification for which a certification is to be made;

(b) two years from the effective date of the lay-off; or

(c) upon written request from the laid-off employee, whichever occurs first.

A regular employee separated from the service by lay-off shall be entitled to reemployment in the class and agency or institution from which he was laid-off, prior to the certification of eligibility of any other applicants.

A regular employee who separates from the service in good standing shall be entitled to have his name placed on the reemployment list if he makes a written request to the Director within two years from the effective date of the separation.

If the name of a regular employee has been placed on a promotional list before separation from the service, he shall be eligible for appointment from such list as long as such list is in existence, provided he is eligible for reemployment from the reemployment list.

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With the approval of the Director, names shall be placed on reemployment lists in order determined by a combination of length and quality of service with the State.

Each name shall remain on a reemployment list for a period not to exceed one year.

(D) The Director may establish intermittent employment lists as necessary or desirable.

(E) The State Personnel Director may direct that employment lists may be made available for use by other federal and State services operating under formal merit systems and also, subject to formal written agreement, may cooperate with such agencies in the conducting of examinations to establish employment lists for use by the several cooperating agencies. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 6, Sec 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1577; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 206; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 146; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 117; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 508; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 647; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2090; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 6, Sec. 6-2. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

### **31 IAC 2-6-3 Removal and bypassing of names**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 3. Removal of Names from Employment Lists. In addition to causes stated in the Act [*IC 4-15-2*], and elsewhere in these rules [*31 IAC 2*], the Director may remove names from the employment lists permanently or temporarily for any of the following reasons:

(A) Appointment through certification from such list to fill a permanent position.

(B) Appointment through certification from an eligible list or promotional list for another class at the same or higher salary. Names of persons appointed from eligible lists will automatically be removed from all lower eligible lists in the same series, but shall be returned to such lists upon written request by the employee, provided that such lists have not been cancelled.

(C) Written statement by the eligible that he is not willing to accept appointment. Such statement may be restricted to a limited period of time, or to geographic locations, or to positions involving other conditions of employment as specified. The name of the eligible shall be passed over in certification to fill any vacancy under the conditions specified as though such name did not appear on the list. An eligible may file a new statement at any time modifying for future consideration any prior statements as to the time, place, or other conditions under which appointment will be accepted.

(D) Declination of appointments under such conditions as the eligible has indicated previously he would accept. After such declination has occurred three (3) times for appointment from a particular list, the eligible's name will be removed permanently from the list for that class. It shall be necessary for the eligible to again apply for and pass the required examination in order to be restored to the list.

(E) Failure to respond within five (5) working days to an inquiry of the Director, or appointing authority, by letter, or twenty-four hours by telegram, or to report for duty by the time prescribed by the appointing authority shall result in the removal of the eligible's name from all employment lists on which his name appears. The eligible's name may be restored to any or all of those lists upon written request by the eligible, provided that such lists have not been cancelled.

(F) Falsification or attempt to practice any fraud or deception in employment application or test. Such falsification, fraud, or deception shall result in the permanent removal of the eligible's name from all employment lists on which his name appears. The eligible may not be restored to any of those lists unless he again applies for and passes the required examination; however, in order to apply for examination or re-examination in any class, the eligible must receive approval from the Director.

(G) Replacement by names of eligibles resulting from a new examination for the class. Eligibles on the old list shall be notified in sufficient time to apply for the new examination. At the discretion of the Director, according to the needs of the service, and where no fundamental change in qualifications, requirements, and class specifications have occurred, the names on the two lists may be combined according to final earned ratings as provided in these rules [*31 IAC 2*].

(H) Acceptable reasons for passing over names of eligibles for appointments are:

(1) Failure to reply to a letter within five working days.

(2) Failure to reply to telegram within twenty-four hours.

(3) Failure to appear for scheduled interview.

(4) Unknown at address; no forwarding address.

- (5) Failure to accept appointment when offered or to report for duty by prescribed time.
- (6) Waiver of offer of position.
- (7) Declination of salary offered.
- (8) Inability to work prescribed hours.
- (9) Physical unfitness as evidenced by physician's signed statement.
- (10) Psychological or emotional unsuitability as evidenced by physician's or psychologist's signed statement.
- (11) Addiction to habitual or excessive use of drugs or intoxicating liquor.
- (12) Criminal record or guilty of notoriously disgraceful conduct.
- (13) Dismissal from the State Service.
- (14) False statement or attempt to practice any fraud or deception in employment application or test.
- (15) Unsatisfactory employment record in the State Service.
- (16) Family relation to patient or inmate at institution where position exists.
- (17) Previous history as patient or inmate at institution where position exists.
- (18) Resignation from the State Service without adequate notice.
- (19) Unsatisfactory references with supporting evidence.
- (20) Unsuitability for a justifiable reason with supporting evidence.

*(State Personnel Department; Rule 6, Sec 3; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1579; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 207; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 148; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 118; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 509; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 648; filed Jan 27, 1977, 3:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 640; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 6, Sec. 6-3. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

## **Rule 7. Certification and Appointment**

### **31 IAC 2-7-1 Anticipation of vacancies**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-12; IC 4-15-2-19

Sec. 1. Preparation for Appointment. Insofar as practicable, vacancies should be anticipated sufficiently in advance to permit the Director to determine who may be available for appointment, whether or not the position is properly classified and, if necessary, to prepare class specifications and to establish a list of eligibles. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-1; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 511; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

### **31 IAC 2-7-2 Requisition for employee**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-19

Sec. 2. Method of Appointment. Whenever a vacancy occurs in any position in the classified service or an appointing authority requests the establishment of a new position, a requisition for an employee shall be submitted to the Director on a prescribed form. The requisition shall state the number of positions to be filled, the duties thereof, the necessary and desirable qualifications of the person or persons to be appointed, and other pertinent information required by the Director. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-2; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 511; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-7-3 Certification for appointment; equal offers of employment**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-19

Sec. 3. When a vacancy occurs in an institution or agency in the classified service, the director shall certify the seven (7) highest available names in order of rank from the appropriate list. Two (2) additional names shall be certified for each additional vacancy. Beyond the foregoing, additional names will only be certified as replacements for names on the original certification who have declined appointment or who have been passed over by the appointing authority. To pass over a name on the eligible list, the appointing authority must furnish, in writing, a reason sufficient to make possible the removal of such name from the employment list.

Unless otherwise authorized by 31 IAC 2 all individuals certified as eligible for appointment to the same vacancy shall be offered appointment at the same rate of pay and working conditions. If the state personnel department ascertains that declination of offered appointment is due to unauthorized variations in offered pay rates or conditions of employment, the director shall cancel appointment from the names certified.

If a vacancy is to be filled in a county department of public welfare, the state personnel department shall, upon request from the county, certify from the appropriate employment list the names of the seven (7) highest available eligibles who are residents of the county in which the vacancy exists. If there are fewer than seven (7) local residents on the appropriate employment list, the state personnel department shall certify names from the state-wide list, to make a complete certification. If there are no local residents available, the entire certification shall be made from the state-wide list. The appointing authority may exercise his discretion in appointing any of the persons whose name was certified. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-3; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 511; filed Jan 27, 1977, 3:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 639; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2091; filed May 10, 1983, 3:07 pm: 6 IR 1006, eff Jul 1, 1983; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 pm: 7 IR 16, eff Jan 1, 1984; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-7-4 Temporary and intermittent appointments**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2

Sec. 4. (a) When an emergency makes it impossible to fill a position in the classified service under any other provision of the State Personnel Act IC 4-15-2, an appointing authority, in order to prevent stoppage of public business or loss of serious inconvenience to the public, may appoint any qualified person to the position, but notice shall immediately be given of the appointment to the director. Any such person shall be employed only during the emergency and for a period not exceeding ten (10) days. A vacancy of which the appointing authority has had reasonable notice, or an employment condition of which he had, or might with due diligence have had, previous knowledge, shall not be considered an emergency under which such emergency appointment may be made. No emergency appointment shall be renewed.

(b) Whenever there is urgent need of an employee for a temporary period, not to exceed ninety (90) working days, the director may select for such service any person who meets the minimum qualifications and who will accept such temporary employment. Successive temporary appointments of the same person shall not be made. However, an employee may be reappointed at a later date if his total employment in a temporary position does not exceed ninety (90) working days in a twelve (12) month period.

The acceptance or refusal by an eligible individual of a temporary appointment shall not affect his standing on any employment list, nor shall the period of temporary service be counted as a part of a working test period.

(c) Whenever there is a need of an employee for an intermittent period, the director may select for such service, any person who meets the minimum qualifications and will accept such employment. The period of intermittent employment of an individual may not continue longer than 180 working days in any twelve (12) month period, unless exception is requested by the appointing authority prior to the appointment and annually thereafter and approved by the state personnel department and state budget agency. The acceptance or refusal by an eligible individual of intermittent appointment shall not affect his standing on any employment list, nor shall the period of intermittent employment be counted as part of the working test period.

(d) Whenever receipt of federal funds for the administration of unemployment insurance is conditional upon use of temporary employees, and none of preceeding [*sic.*] methods of temporary appointment is practicable, an appointment may be made under this

provision. Such appointments are limited to 180 working days in any twelve (12) month period unless an exception is requested by the appointing authority prior to the appointment and annually thereafter and approved by the state personnel department and state budget agency.

Any person who meets the minimum qualifications may be employed. The acceptance or refusal by an eligible individual of an appointment under this section shall not affect his standing on any other employment list, nor shall the period of temporary employment be counted as part of the working test period.

If a waiver of the 180 day limitation has been approved and if the employee works at least half time in a given month, he shall accrue vacation, sick, and personal leave in the same manner as do part-time employees. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-4; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 512; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 pm: 7 IR 17, eff Jan 1, 1984; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-7-5 Promotional appointment**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 5. Promotional Appointment. Insofar as it is practicable and feasible, vacancies in the classified service shall be filled by promotion of regular employees. Promotions shall be made by competitive examinations, or non-competitive qualifying examinations in accordance with the provisions of Rule 5, Section 5-4 (B) [31 IAC 2-5-4 (B)]. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-5; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 512; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-7-6 Duration appointment during emergency**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2-12

Sec. 6. (A) A duration appointment may be made to a vacancy in the classified service whenever the Director finds there exists a war, or other emergency or a state or national emergency causing a general manpower shortage, which shortage makes it impossible to establish an eligible list in the regular manner.

(B) When an employment list is established with a sufficient number of eligibles to make a complete certification for any position in the classified service currently filled by duration appointment, the appointing authority shall, within thirty days after the date of certification of eligibles, fill the position by appointment from the employment list. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-6; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 512; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2091; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-7-7 Transfer**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 7. Transfer. (A) An appointing authority may at any time assign an employee from one position to another position in the same class under his jurisdiction.

(B) An appointing authority, with the approval of the Director, may at any time transfer an employee to another class with essentially the same basic qualifications and the same salary range.

(C) With the approval of the Director and both appointing authorities, an employee may transfer from one division of the classified service to another. A promotion or demotion may be simultaneous with such a transfer. The new appointing authority shall assume all vacation, sick leave, and earned overtime credited to the transferred employee.

(D) With the approval of the Director and both appointing authorities, an employee may transfer from a State Department or

Agency not included in the classified service to the classified service, or from a department or agency in the classified service to a department or agency not in the classified service without loss of any vacation leave, sick leave, or earned overtime.

Any employee transferring from a position in a State Department or Agency not in the classified service to a position in a department or agency in the classified service must be fully qualified for the class to which he is transferred, and must be selected from an appropriate register. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-7; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 512; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA)* NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-7-8 Demotion**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 8. Demotion. A position may be filled by demotion of a regular employee in accordance with Rule 12, Section 12-1 [31 IAC 2-12-1], or, in the event of a necessary reduction in personnel due to lack of work or funds, an employee may accept demotion without the filing of charges in preference to being laid off. An employee so demoted shall be entitled to have his name placed on the reemployment list for the classification from which he was demoted. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-8; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 513; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA)* NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-7-9 Reemployment lists**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-13

Sec. 9. Reemployment. A position may be filled by appointments from the appropriate reemployment list. Successive appointments of the same person may be made from the appropriate reemployment list. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-9; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 513; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA)* NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-7-10 Provisional appointments**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-22

Sec. 10. Provisional Appointments. (A) No provisional appointment shall be made without the prior authorization of the Director. The Director may authorize provisional appointments when an appropriate employment list is not available for the class from which the position is being filled.

(B) Only appointees who possess the minimum qualifications for the class to which the position is assigned but who have not successfully completed the required examination are eligible for provisional appointments.

(C) When an appropriate employment list is established with a sufficient number of eligibles to make a complete certification for any position in the classified service currently filled by a provisional appointment, the Director shall notify the Appointing Authority of the establishment of such list. Within thirty (30) days of such notification, the Appointing Authority shall refill the position from the current employment list.

(D) No provisional appointment shall be held for more than six (6) months, nor shall any provisional appointment be renewed. No person shall receive more than one (1) provisional appointment in any twelve (12) month period. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 7, Sec 7-10; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 649; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA)* NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-7-11 Underfilling positions in absence of qualified applicants**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-14; IC 4-15-2-19

Sec. 11. (a) If there is not a full list of qualified applicants on the eligible list for a class to which a position is allocated, the appointing authority, with the prior approval of the director, may underfill such position. The underfilling employee must be qualified for the class to which he or she is appointed, which shall be in the same job family as the vacant position.

(b) A position which is allocated to a classification which requires admission to the Bar may be underfilled by a student, actively enrolled in an American Bar Association approved law school, or a person whose application for admission is pending. However, an employee underfilling such a position must be admitted to the legal profession as a prerequisite to being appointed to the classification which requires admission to the Bar. Prior to admission to the Bar, the employee is prohibited from engaging in the unauthorized practice of law. *(State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-7-11; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2092; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1979; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**Rule 8. Working Test Period**

**31 IAC 2-8-1 Purpose**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-21

Sec. 1. Objectives. The working test period shall be regarded as an integral part of the examination process and shall be utilized for closely observing the employee's work, for securing the most effective adjustment of a new employee to his position, and for rejecting any employee whose performance during the period does not meet required work standards. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 8, Sec 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1584; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 213; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 151; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 123; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 513; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 650; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 8, Sec. 8-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-8-2 Requirement for and duration of test period**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 2. (a) All appointments and promotions, other than temporary and intermittent, resulting from certification from a promotion list or an eligible list shall be subject to a working test period. The length of such working test period shall be as follows:

- (1) For persons who work on a full-time basis, the working test period shall be six (6) months.
- (2) For persons working less than full time, but more than half time, the working test period shall be one (1) year.
- (3) For persons working less than half time, the working test period shall be eighteen (18) months.

Upon request of the appointing authority, the state personnel director may extend the working test period by an additional period not exceeding the original working test period.

(b) The requirements of a working test period shall be waived in the case of reemployment from a reemployment list.

(c) Time spent in duration or provisional status, not to exceed a period equal to the length of the original working test period, which subsequently results in appointment from an employment list, shall be credited against and deducted from the required working test period.

(d) Persons in agencies made subject to IC 4-15-2 who have been in the same positions or similar positions six (6) months or more and who have passed noncompetitive qualifying examinations, shall be accorded permanent status in the classifications to which their positions have been allocated immediately upon appointment from the proper eligible list. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 8, Sec 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1585; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 214;*

*filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 151; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 123; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 513; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 650; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 p.m.: 7 IR 17, eff Jan 1, 1984; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1979; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 8, Sec. 8-2. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-8-3 Performance appraisal; report of working test period**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-21

Sec. 3. (a) During the working test period, the director shall require the appointing authority to prepare at least one (1) full performance appraisal of the employee's work.

(b) One (1) month prior to the end of the working test period, the personnel department will send to the appointing authority an end-of-the-working test report. Prior to the end of the working test period, the appointing authority shall complete the form, with the signature of the employee, recommending the permanent status, indicating separation of the employee, or recommending a working test extension. Specific reasons for such extension request must be specified on the working test form. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 8, Sec 8-3; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 123; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 514; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 651; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2092; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 pm: 7 IR 18, eff Jan 1, 1984; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-8-4 Permanent status**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-21

Sec. 4. Acquisition of Permanent Status. Except as provided in Sections 8-2(B) and 8-2(D) [31 IAC 2-8-2(B) and (D)] of this rule, no persons shall be deemed to have permanent status unless the Appointing Authority has submitted a written recommendation to the Director that such person be granted permanent status, and such recommendation has been approved by the Director. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 8, Sec 8-4; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 651; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**Rule 9. Service Ratings**

**31 IAC 2-9-1 Report and substantiation of service ratings**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-27

Sec. 1. The director shall require each appointing authority to report at periodic intervals, on prescribed forms, service ratings for employees under his jurisdiction. The director may require that any or all ratings be substantiated, and may prescribe the manner of making such substantiation. The state personnel department shall establish procedures to assure knowledge of his rating by the employee concerned. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 9, Sec 9-1; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 124; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 514; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2092; filed May 10, 1983, 3:07 pm: 6 IR 1006, eff Jul 1, 1983; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**Rule 10. Training**



**31 IAC 2-10-1 Training programs**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-28

Sec. 1. Responsibility for developing training programs for employees shall be assumed jointly by the the *[sic.]* Director, and the appointing authorities. Such training programs may include lectures, courses, demonstrations, assignment of reading matter, or such other devices as may be available for the purpose of improving the efficiency and broadening the knowledge of employees in the performance of their duties. The provisions of this rule *[this section]* shall not be considered as limiting the responsibilities or functions of the several appointing authorities for developing and carrying out continuing programs of staff development using the supervisory processes as a basic training method. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 10, Sec 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1586; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 215; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 152; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 124; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 514; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2092; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 10, Sec. 10-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-10-2 Record of completion; credit**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-28

Sec. 2. Credit for Training. If an employee submits records indicating the successful completion of extension, correspondence, departmental in-service training, or other special training courses, to the Director, such facts shall be made a part of the employee's record. The successful completion of specialized training courses may be established as a factor in rating experience and training in examinations for eligible or promotional lists. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 10, Sec 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1586; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 216; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 152; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 124; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 515; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 10, Sec. 10-2. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**Rule 11. Hours and Leaves**

**31 IAC 2-11-1 Work week; shifts**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-29

Sec. 1. The normal minimum working week shall be thirty-seven and one-half (37½) hours except as otherwise established by statute or by specific ruling of the state personnel director. Shift hours shall be established by the appointing authority. Assignment of employees to specific shifts shall be the prerogative of the appointing authority. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-1; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 124; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 515; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2093; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1980; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-11-2 Overtime and holidays; schedules and pay**

Authority: IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2-6  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-11

Sec. 2. (a) Overtime and holiday policy shall be as follows:

(1) The state service shall observe only such legal holidays as are established by statute or officially proclaimed by the governor.

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(2) When any of these holidays comes on a Saturday, the Friday immediately preceding shall be the legal holiday.

(3) The first day of week, commonly called Sunday, shall not be a holiday within the meaning of this rule.

(b) Any employee who is required to work on a holiday shall be paid for such work at a straight-time rate, with the regular payment for that pay period in which the holiday occurs, or, at the option of the appointing authority, may be credited with compensatory time off. Unless otherwise authorized by the director and the state budget agency, all such compensatory time off shall be scheduled by the appointing authority and must be taken within the pay period in which the holiday occurs.

(c) Except as provided in subsections (l) and (o):

(1) overtime shall comprise hours of work, rounded to the nearest quarter of an hour, in excess of thirty-seven and one-half (37½) hours in a work week; and

(2) holidays, sick days, vacation days, personal days, leaves of absence, compensatory time off, and time spent on call or in standby status, shall not constitute hours of work or hours worked for purposes of this rule.

(d) The following are requirements for employees who are eligible for overtime payment:

(1) Employees in the following job categories or classifications of the classified service are eligible for compensation for overtime:

(A) Professional-administrative-technological (PAT), skill level VI.

(B) Clerical-office machine operators-technician (COMOT), skill levels I through VI.

(C) Labor-trades-crafts (LTC), skill levels I through V.

(D) Supervisory and managerial-COMOT, skill levels III through VIII.

(E) Supervisory and managerial-LTC, skill levels IV through VII.

(F) Protective occupations, law enforcement (POLE), skill levels II through IV, correctional officer trainees, correctional officers, correctional sergeants, and security officers.

(G) The following PAT V level classifications:

Abstractor

Accountant

Administrative analyst

Administrative assistant

Artist illustrator

Audit examiner

Business administrator

Caseworker

Chemist

Civil rights specialist

Claims deputy

Clinical associate

Code enforce official

Code review official

Commodity examiner

Correctional counselor

Correctional release coordinator

Criminal intelligence analyst

Dairy farm specialist

Dental hygienist

Disability claims adjuster

Disability veterans specialist

Electronics investigator

Employment specialist

Engineering geologist

Environmental engineer

Environmental scientist

Environmental scientist-RAD health

Field auditor

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Geologist  
Health educator  
Hearings officer  
Highway engineer  
Historic site curator  
Historical education specialist  
Hydraulic engineer  
IOSHA inspector-construction  
IOSHA inspector-industrial  
Industrial hygienist  
Information specialist  
Internal affairs officer  
Inventory administrator  
Labor market analyst  
Legal assistant  
Librarian  
Livestock license coordinator  
Manpower specialist  
Medical records administrator  
Meteorologist  
Migrant consultant  
Museum specialist  
Nosologist  
Nurse  
Occupational therapist  
Oil and gas inspector  
Parole officer  
Pension administrator  
Personnel officer  
Personnel specialist  
Photographer  
Program coordinator  
Program specialist  
Programmer  
Programmer-specialist  
Psychiatric intern  
Purchasing administrator  
Records analyst  
Recreation leader  
Recreation therapist  
Rehabilitation instructor  
Rehabilitation therapist  
Research analyst  
Right-of-way engineer  
Salesperson  
Sanitarian-food  
Sanitarian-general  
Social services specialist  
Soil scientist  
State investigator  
Statistician

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Substance abuse counselor  
Surveyor  
Telecommunication technician  
Telecommunication specialist  
Training officer  
Unclassified  
Veteran's representative  
Vital records statistics coordinator  
Vocational rehabilitation counselor  
Vocational rehabilitation counselor-deaf  
Water quality planner  
Word processing systems administrator.

(H) The following nursing classifications:

Charge nurse III  
Charge nurse supervisor V  
Nurse V  
Nurse IV  
Nurse supervisor V  
Nurse supervisor VI  
Nurse supervisor VII.

(2) Employees other than those included in subdivision (1) shall not be eligible for compensation for overtime except in the following circumstances:

(A) The state personnel director, with the approval of the state budget agency, may authorize compensation for overtime worked by employees otherwise not eligible when such overtime is worked according to prescribed policy or based on a special approval.

(B) Overtime policies for exempt employees may be established by the director and state budget agency.

(C) Special approval to compensate overtime exempt employees can only be granted by the director and state budget agency.

(e) Except as provided in subsection (g), when an eligible employee has worked overtime which is compensable under this rule, payment for such overtime shall be made with the regular payment for that period in which the overtime hours were worked as follows:

(1) Employees eligible for overtime compensation by reason of subsection (d)(2) shall be paid for overtime at a straight-time rate equal to the employee's regular hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of overtime hours worked.

(2) Eligible employees whose regularly established minimum working week is thirty-seven and one-half (37½) hours or less shall be paid for overtime at a straight-time rate equal to the employee's regular hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of overtime hours worked for all such overtime which comprises less than forty (40) total hours of work within the work week.

(3) Any overtime worked by an eligible employee, for which straight-time payment is not provided by this subsection, nor for which a different decision rule is provided by subsection (l) or (o), shall be paid at a time and a half rate equal to one and a half times the employee's regular hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of such overtime hours worked.

(f) Requirements for payment for additional hours of work other than overtime shall be as follows:

(1) All employees whose regularly established work schedule is less than full time shall be paid for hours worked or hours worked together with sick days, vacation days, personal days, holidays, compensatory time off, or leaves of absence with pay, during the pay period, which are in addition to the employee's normal work schedule but which do not exceed the total number of hours of work in the regularly established work schedules of employees working full-time in comparable positions within the same agency or department. Payment for such additional hours of work shall be made with the regular payment for that pay period in which the additional hours were worked, at a straight-time rate equal to the employee's regular hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of additional hours worked.

(2) Employees who are eligible for overtime payments under subsection (d) and whose regularly established work schedule is full time, shall be paid for hours other than overtime, as defined in subsection (c), worked during the pay period which together with sick days, vacation days, personal days, holidays, compensatory time off, or leaves of absence with pay, exceeds the total number of regularly scheduled hours of work in the employee's pay period. Payment for such additional hours of work

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shall be made with the regular payment for that pay period in which the additional hours were worked at a straight-time rate equal to the employee's regular hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of additional hours worked.

(g) Requirements for compensatory time off shall be as follows:

(1) Rate of accrual to include the following:

(A) Employees eligible for overtime compensation under subsection (d)(1) may be granted compensatory time off in lieu of monetary payment for anticipated or earned overtime work:

(i) for overtime normally compensable under subsection (e)(3) or (l)(10)(D), compensatory time off shall be granted at a time and a half rate.

(ii) for additional hours of work other than overtime, that is, that which is normally compensable under subsection (e)(2), (f)(2), or (l)(10)(C), compensatory time off shall be granted at a straight-time rate.

(B) Employees eligible for overtime compensation subsection (d)(2) may be granted compensatory time off at a straight-time rate in lieu of monetary payment for anticipated or earned overtime work.

(C) Employees eligible for holiday compensation subsection (b) may be granted compensatory time off at a straight-time rate in lieu of monetary payment for anticipated or earned holiday work.

(2) Limitation on amount of accrual to include the following:

(A) Employees eligible for overtime compensation subsection (d)(1) and who are engaged in a public safety, emergency response, or seasonal activity may accrue no more than four hundred eighty (480) hours of compensatory time off.

(B) Employees eligible for overtime compensation subsection (d)(1) and who are engaged in any work other than that described in clause (A) may accrue no more than two hundred forty (240) hours of compensatory time off.

(C) Compensable hours worked in excess of the limits contained in this subdivision must be compensated monetarily with the regular payment of wages for the pay period in which the time was worked.

(3) Use of compensatory time off to include the following:

(A) Employees eligible for overtime compensation under subsection (d)(1) shall be granted compensatory time off as follows:

(i) Unless otherwise approved by the director and state budget agency, all compensatory time off must be scheduled and taken off prior to the end of the calendar quarter succeeding the quarter in which the additional hours were worked.

(ii) An employee who has accrued compensatory time off authorized by this rule and who has requested the use of such compensatory time off, shall be permitted to use such time within a reasonable period after making the request if the use of the compensatory time does not unduly disrupt the operations of the public agency.

(B) Employees eligible for overtime compensation under subsection (d)(2) shall normally be given compensatory time off rather than monetary payment. If the needs of the service make the granting of compensatory time off impracticable, the appointing authority may request approval of the director and the state budget agency to compensate monetarily at the rate provided in subsection (e)(1).

(4) Monetary payment for accrued but unused compensatory time off to include the following:

(A) If monetary compensation is paid to an employee for accrued compensatory time off, such payment shall be at the regular rate earned by the employee at the time the employee receives such payment.

(B) An employee eligible for overtime compensation, by reason of subsection (d)(1), who has accrued compensatory time off as authorized by this section shall, upon termination of employment, be paid for the unused compensatory time off at the greater of:

(i) the average regular hourly rate received by such employee during the last three (3) years of the employee's employment; or

(ii) the final regular hourly rate received by such employee.

(h) (Repealed)

(i) Any payroll containing overtime payments must be accompanied, when submitted to the director by the appointing authority, by a written justification for each occurrence of overtime which is incurred.

(j) The director is authorized to establish and enforce any policies necessary for the implementation of this rule, or to prescribe and enforce any policies concerning overtime or holiday compensation which are not inconsistent with this rule, notwithstanding the internal policies of an agency or institution.

(k) The director of the state budget agency, in such manner as he deems necessary, may regulate the amounts of overtime to be worked in any agency or institution. Such regulation of overtime work may include a requirement that any or all overtime work,

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prior to its assignment, must be approved by the state budget agency.

(l) The appointing authority of an employee engaged in law enforcement activities (including security personnel in correctional institutions) may, with prior written approval of the director and state budget agency, elect to establish work periods and compensate overtime eligible employees in accordance with the following in lieu of subsection (c):

(1) The following requirements concerning definition of law enforcement activities:

(A) As used in this subsection, "any employee in law enforcement activities" refers to any employee:

- (i) who is a uniformed or plainclothed member of a body of officers and subordinates who are empowered by statute or local ordinance to enforce laws designed to maintain public peace and order and to protect both life and property from accidental or willful injury and to prevent and detect crimes;
- (ii) who has the power of arrest; and
- (iii) who is presently undergoing or has undergone or will undergo on-the-job training and/or a course of instruction and study which typically includes:
  - (AA) physical training;
  - (BB) self-defense;
  - (CC) firearm proficiency;
  - (DD) criminal and civil law principles;
  - (EE) investigative and law enforcement techniques;
  - (FF) community relations;
  - (GG) medical aid; and
  - (HH) ethics.

Employees who meet these tests are considered to be engaged in law enforcement activities regardless of their status as trainee, probationary, or permanent employee, and regardless of their assignment to duties incidental to the performance of their law enforcement activities such as equipment maintenance, and lecturing or to support activities, whether or not such assignment is for training or familiarization purposes, or for reasons of illness, injury, or infirmity.

(B) Employees who do not meet each of the three (3) tests described in clause (A) are not engaged in law enforcement activities, as that term is used in this subsection. Such employees would include:

- (i) building inspectors;
- (ii) health inspectors;
- (iii) animal control personnel;
- (iv) sanitarians;
- (v) civilian traffic employees who direct vehicular and pedestrian traffic at specified intersections or other control points;
- (vi) civilian parking checkers who patrol assigned areas for the purpose of discovering parking violations and issuing appropriate warnings or appearance notices;
- (vii) wage and hour compliance officers;
- (viii) equal employment opportunity compliance officers;
- (ix) tax compliance officers;
- (x) coal mining inspectors; and
- (xi) building guards whose primary duty is to protect the lives and property of persons within the limited area of the building.

(C) The term "any employee in law enforcement activities" also includes security personnel in correctional institutions. A correctional institution is any government facility maintained as part of a penal system for the incarceration or detention of persons suspected or convicted of having breached the peace or committed some other crime. Such facilities include:

- (i) penitentiaries;
- (ii) prisons;
- (iii) prison farms;
- (iv) reformatories; and
- (v) other facilities operated by the department of correction.

Employees of correctional institutions who qualify as security personnel for purposes of this subsection are those who

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have responsibility for controlling and maintaining custody of inmates and of safeguarding them from other inmates or for supervising such functions, regardless of whether their duties are performed inside the correctional institution or outside the institution (as in the case of road gangs). These employees are considered to be engaged in law enforcement activities regardless of their status as trainee, probationary, or permanent employee, and regardless of their assignment to duties incidental to the performance of their law enforcement activities, or to support activities whether or not such assignment is for training or familiarization purposes or for reasons of illness, injury, or infirmity.

(D) Not included in the term "employee in law enforcement activities" are the so-called civilian employees of law enforcement agencies or correctional institutions who engage in such support activities as those performed by dispatcher, radio operators, apparatus and equipment maintenance and repair workers, janitors, clerks, and stenographers. Nor does the term include employees in correctional institutions who engage in building repair and maintenance, culinary services, teaching, or in psychological, medical, and paramedical services. This is so even though such employees may, when assigned to correctional institutions, come into regular contact with the inmates in the performance of their duties.

(2) Employees engaged in law enforcement activities may also engage in some nonexempt work unless it exceeds twenty percent (20%) of the total hours worked by the particular employee during the applicable work period.

(3) The attendance at a bona fide police academy or other training facility, when required by the employing public agency, does not constitute engagement in exempt activities unless the employee in question meets all the tests described in subdivision (1)(A) in which event such training or further training would be incidental to, and thus part of, the employee's law enforcement activities. Only the time spent in actual training or retraining constitutes compensable hours of work. All other time, such as that spent in studying and other personal pursuits, is not compensable hours of work even in situations where the employee is confined to campus or to barracks twenty-four (24) hours a day. Attendance at training facilities and schools, which is not required but which may incidentally improve the employee's performance of his or her regular tasks or prepare the employee for further advancement, need not be counted as working time even though the public agency may pay for all or part of such training.

(4) If an employee regularly engaged in exempt law enforcement activities also works for another department or agency, such employee will lose the exemption if the other work is unrelated to law enforcement activities. If, however, such employee's other job is also exempt work, the less of the two (2) exemptions should be claimed.

(5) Requirements for law enforcement volunteers shall be as follows:

(A) Individuals who volunteer to perform law enforcement activities, usually on a part-time basis and as a public service, are not considered to be employees of the public agency which receives their services. Such individuals do not lose their volunteer status because their tuition may have been paid or they may have been reimbursed for attending special classes or other training to learn about law enforcement or because they are reimbursed for approximate out-of-pocket expenses incurred incidental to answering a call or to the cost of replacing clothing or other items of equipment which may have been consumed or damaged in responding to a call. Nor is the volunteer status of such individuals lost where the only material recognition afforded them is the holding of an annual party, the furnishing of a uniform and related equipment, or their inclusion in a retirement or relief fund, a workman's compensation plan or a life or health insurance program, or the payment of a nominal sum on a per call or other basis which may either be retained, in whole or in part, by the volunteer or donated to finance various social activities conducted by or under the auspices of the agency. Payments which average two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) per call will be considered nominal. Payments in excess of this amount may also qualify as nominal, depending upon the distances which must be traveled and other expenses incurred by the volunteer. For purposes of this clause, it is not necessary for the agency to maintain an exact record of expenses.

(B) Where, however, individuals engaged in law enforcement activities receive more than a nominal amount of payment on a basis which does not reasonably approximate the expenses incurred by them, they are employees rather than volunteers and must be paid in accordance with this subsection.

(C) Volunteers engaged in law enforcement activities may include individuals who are employed in some other capacity by the same public agency.

(D) Police officers of one (1) jurisdiction may engage in law enforcement activities on a voluntary basis for another jurisdiction where there is no mutual aid agreement or other relationship between the two (2) jurisdictions. Such employees cannot, however, perform law enforcement activities on a voluntary basis for their own agency, although they can engage in other activities not directly related to these primary functions. For example, a police officer could volunteer to counsel young juveniles who are members of a boy's club or other similar organizations.

(6) Rules for determining the tour of duty, work period, and compensable hours of work, generally, shall be as follows:

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(A) Public agency employees engaged in law enforcement activities are unique. Therefore, computation of hours worked on the basis of a work period (which can be longer than a work week) and which bases the overtime requirements on a work period concept is permitted. Where an agency properly elects this subsection, it must be used for purposes of both the overtime requirements and hourly rate determination.

(B) If, however, any public agency chooses not to claim the partial overtime exemption provided in this subsection, but elects to pay overtime compensation as defined in subsection (c), it need not concern itself with the tour of duty or work period discussion which follows or with the special rules relating to the determination of what constitutes compensable hours of work since, in that event, overtime would be payable on a work week basis and the regular method of computing hours worked would apply. Such an agency would not, however, be able to take advantage of the special provisions relating to the balancing of hours over an entire work period and trading time.

(7) As used in this subsection, "tour of duty" means the period during which an employee is on duty. It may be a scheduled or unscheduled period. Scheduled periods refer to shifts, that is, the period of time which elapses between scheduled arrival and departure times, or to scheduled periods outside the shift, as in the case of a special detail involving crowd control during a parade or other such event. Unscheduled periods refer to time spent in court by police officers, time spent handling emergency situations, or time spent after a shift in order to complete required work. When an employee actually works fewer hours than those scheduled, the employee's tour of duty is reduced accordingly. Nothing in this subsection precludes agencies from establishing new tours of duty for their employees, provided, however, that the change is intended to be permanent at the time that it is made.

(8) Compensable hours of work generally include all of that time during which an employee is on duty, on the employer's premises, or at a prescribed workplace, as well as all other time during which the employee is suffered or permitted to work for the employer. Such hours thus include all pre-shift and post-shift activities which are an integral part of the employee's principal activity or which are closely related and to its performance such as attending roll call or writing up and completing reports. It also includes time which an employee spends in attending required training classes. Time spent away from the employer's premises under conditions so circumscribed that they restrict the employee from effectively using the time for personal pursuits also constitutes compensable hours of work. For example, a police officer who is required to remain at home until summoned to testify in a pending court case and who must be in a constant state of instant readiness is engaged in compensable hours of work. On the other hand, employees who are confined to barracks while attending police academies are not on duty during those times when they are not in class or at a training session since they are free to use such time for personal pursuits. Also, a police officer who has completed his or her tour of duty but who is given a patrol car to drive home and use on private business is not working simply because the radio must be left on so that the officer can respond to emergency calls. Of course, the time spent in responding to such calls would be compensable, except in those instances where it is miniscule and cannot, as an administrative matter, be recorded for payroll purposes.

(9) Requirements for sleeping and mealtime as compensable hours of work shall be as follows:

(A) Where the employer has elected to use this subsection, mealtime cannot be excluded from compensable hours of work unless the employee is completely relieved from duty for a bona fide meal period. It is not necessary that an employee be permitted to leave the premises if he or she is otherwise completely freed from duties during the meal period.

(B) Sleep time may be excluded in the case of law enforcement employees who are on duty for more than twenty-four (24) hours. However, sleep time shall, in no event, exceed eight (8) hours, in a twenty-four (24) hour period. If such sleep time is interrupted by a call to duty, the interruption must be counted as hours worked, and, if the period is interrupted to such an extent that the employee cannot get a reasonable night's sleep (which, for enforcement purposes, means at least five (5) hours) the entire time must be counted as hours of work.

(10) Requirements for the work period shall be as follows:

(A) As used in this subsection, "work period" refers to any established and regularly recurring period of work which cannot be less than seven (7) consecutive days nor more than twenty-eight (28) consecutive days. Except for this limitation, the work period can be of any length, and it need not coincide with the pay period or with a particular day of the week or hour of the day. Once the beginning time of an employee's work period is established, however, it remains fixed regardless of how many hours are worked within that period. The beginning of the work period may, of course, be changed, provided that the change is intended to be permanent at the time that it is made.

(B) An agency may have one (1) work period applicable to all of its employees, or different work periods for different employees, or groups of employees. The agency must, however, make some notation in its records which shows the



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work period for each employee and which indicates the length of that period and its starting time.

(C) For those employees who have a work period of at least seven (7) but no more than twenty-eight (28) consecutive days, no overtime compensation is required unless the ratio between the number of days in the work period and the hours worked during such work period exceeds the ratio between a work period of twenty-eight (28) days and one hundred fifty (150) hours. If the ratio between the number of days in the work period and the hours worked during such work period exceeds the ratio between a work period of twenty-eight (28) days and one hundred fifty (150) hours but is less than the ratio between twenty-eight (28) days and one hundred seventy-one (171) hours, the additional hours are paid for at the employee's regular hourly rate of pay.

(D) For those employees who have a work period of at least seven (7) but no more than twenty-eight (28) consecutive days, no overtime compensation at a premium rate is required until the ratio between the number of days in the work period and the hours worked during such work period exceeds the ratio between a work period of twenty-eight (28) days and one hundred seventy-one (171) hours at which point all additional hours are paid for at one and one-half (1½) times the employee's regular rate of pay.

(E) Accordingly, overtime compensation at the rate indicated in this clause must be paid for all hours worked in excess of the following maximum hours standards:

Work Period (Days)	Straight-time Overtime Payable for Hours in Excess of	Time and a Half Payable for Hours in Excess of
28	150	171
27	144.5	165
26	139.5	159
25	134	153
24	128.5	147
23	123.5	141
22	118	134
21	112.5	128
20	107	122
19	102	116
18	96.5	110
17	91	104
16	86	98
15	80.5	92
14	75	86
13	69.5	79
12	64.5	73
11	59	67
10	53.5	61
9	48	55
8	43	49
7	37.5	43

(11) Another common practice or agreement among employees engaged in law enforcement activities is that of substituting for one another on regularly scheduled tours of duty (or for some part thereof) in order to permit an employee to absent himself or herself from work to attend to purely personal pursuits. This practice is commonly referred to as trading time. The practice of trading time will be deemed to have no effect on hours of work if the following criteria are met:

(A) The trading of time is done voluntarily by the employees participating in the program and not at the behest of the employer.

(B) The reason for trading time is due, not to the employer's business operations, but to the employee's desire or need to attend to personal matter.

(C) A record is maintained by the employer of all time traded by his employees.

(D) The period during which time is traded and paid back does not exceed twelve (12) months.

(E) The employees secure the approval of the appointing authority.

(m) (Repealed)

(n) (Repealed)

(o) Unless otherwise approved by the director and state budget agency, no overtime shall be paid to any employee who is

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employed by a nonprofit educational institution to serve as the parent of children:

- (1) who are orphans or one of whose natural parents is deceased; or
- (2) who are enrolled in such institution and reside in residential facilities of the institution, while such children are in residence at such institution, if such employee resides in such facilities, receives, without cost, board and lodging from the institution and is compensated, on a cash basis, at an annual rate of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

(p) The following are requirements for record keeping:

(1) Every appointing authority shall keep and preserve for at least three (3) years, payroll or other records containing the following information and data with respect to each and every employee:

(A) Name in full, and on the same record, the employee's identifying symbol or number if such is used in place of name on any time, work, or payroll records. This shall be the same name as that used for Social Security record purposes.

(B) Home address, including zip code.

(C) Date of birth, if under nineteen (19) years of age.

(D) Sex and occupation in which employed (sex may be indicated by use of the prefixes Mr., Mrs., or Miss).

(E) Time of day and day of week on which the employee's work period begins. If the employee is part of a work force or employed in or by an establishment all of whose workers have a work week beginning at the same time on the same day, a single notation of the time of the day and beginning day of the work week for the whole work force or establishment will suffice. If, however, any employee or group of employees has a work week beginning and ending at a different time, a separate notation shall then be kept for that employee or group of employees.

(F)(i) Regular hourly rate of pay for any week when overtime is worked and overtime excess compensation is due;

(ii) basis on which wages are paid; and

(iii) the amount and nature of each payment which is excluded from the regular rate (these records may be in the form of vouchers or other payment data).

(G) Hours worked each work day and total hours worked each work week. As used in this section, "work day" means any consecutive twenty-four (24) hours.

(H) Total daily or weekly straight-time earnings or wages, that is, the total earnings or wages due for hours worked during the work day or work week, including all earnings or wages due during any overtime worked, but exclusive of overtime excess compensation.

(I) Total overtime excess compensation for the work week, that is, the excess compensation for overtime worked which amount is over and above all straight-time earnings or wages also earned during overtime worked.

(J) Total additions to or deductions from wages paid each pay period. Every employer making additions to or deductions from wages shall also maintain, in individual employee accounts, a record of the dates, amounts, and nature of the items which make up the total additions and deductions.

(K) Total wages paid each pay period.

(L) Date of payment and the pay period covered by payment.

(2) With respect to employees working on fixed schedules, an employer may maintain records showing, instead of the hours worked each day and each week, the schedule of daily and weekly hours the employee normally works, and:

(A) in weeks in which an employee adheres to this schedule, indicates by check mark, statement, or other method that such hours were in fact actually worked by him or her; and

(B) in weeks in which more or less than the scheduled hours are worked, shows the exact number of hours worked each day and each week.

(3) With respect to persons employed in job categories or classifications other than those enumerated in subsection (d)(1) and who did not work overtime that is compensable, as determined by this section, records containing all the information and data required by subdivision (1) shall be maintained and preserved except data required by subdivision (1)(F) through (1)(J) and, in addition thereto, the basis on which wages are paid in sufficient detail to permit calculation for each pay period of the employee's total remuneration for employment including fringe benefits.

*(State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-2; filed Aug 14, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 125; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 515; filed Sep 13, 1973, 10:00 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1974, p. 437; filed Nov 14, 1977, 4:15 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 651; filed Aug 23, 1978, 3:35 p.m.: 1 IR 634; filed Apr 28, 1982, 12:50 p.m.: 5 IR 1163, eff Jun 30, 1982; filed Oct 11, 1985, 8:25 a.m.: 9 IR 169; filed Feb 28, 1986, 8:15 a.m.: 9 IR 1556; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1980; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23,*

*SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-11-3 Vacation leave**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 4-15-2-30

Sec. 3. (a) Vacation leave with pay shall be earned by all full-time employees in the classified service at the rate of seven and one-half (7.5) hours for each full month of employment. Employees working on a part-time basis shall earn vacation at the rate of three and three-fourths (3.75) hours a month. Vacation will not be credited to hourly, per diem, temporary, intermittent, contractual, or employees working less than half time.

(b) Eligibility for additional vacation shall be as follows:

(1) Employees who have completed five (5) years or more of full-time employment, or ten (10) years or more of half-time employment, shall accrue twenty-two and one-half (22.5) additional hours of vacation leave with pay annually on their accrual date.

(2) Employees who have completed ten (10) years or more of full-time employment, or twenty (20) years or more of half-time employment, shall accrue thirty-seven and one-half (37.5) additional hours of vacation leave with pay (twenty-two and one-half (22.5) plus thirty-seven and one-half (37.5) for a total of sixty (60) additional hours) annually on their accrual date.

(3) Employees who have completed twenty (20) years or more of full-time employment, or forty (40) years or more of half-time employment, shall accrue thirty-seven and one-half (37.5) additional hours of vacation leave with pay (twenty-two and one-half (22.5) plus thirty-seven and one-half (37.5) plus thirty-seven and one-half (37.5) for a total of ninety-seven and one-half (97.5) additional hours) annually on their accrual date.

(4) Time spent in out-of-pay status, except for military service, shall be deducted from total service time in computing eligibility for additional vacation leave.

(5) Noncontinuous service prior to June 30, 1982, shall not be considered in determining eligibility for additional vacation leave.

(c) No vacation shall accrue to full-time employees during the first six (6) months of employment, or to part-time employees during the first twelve (12) months of employment, but, upon completion thereof, regular vacation leave shall be allowed for time served during such periods.

(d) Appointing authorities shall determine the time and amount of vacation which shall be taken at any one (1) time. Employees shall be limited to four (4) calendar weeks of vacation at any one (1) time unless a longer period is recommended by the appointing authority and approved by the director. Employees granted special sick leave with pay shall be entitled to all earned vacation and earned overtime.

(e) For the good of service in arranging vacation schedules, the director may approve the request of an appointing authority for full-time employees to anticipate and take vacation leave not to exceed twenty-two and one-half (22.5) hours. Employees in professional teaching classes in institutional schools may anticipate vacation and overtime to the extent necessitated by the school schedule, except that no deficit leave balance shall extend beyond the school year.

(f) Compensation for unused vacation, earned overtime, and holidays on separation shall be as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in 31 IAC 2-17.1 or 31 IAC 4, upon separation from the service, in good standing, an employee shall be paid for unused vacation for a maximum of two hundred twenty-five (225) hours, plus earned overtime and holiday leave to the extent accumulated.

(2) Compensation for unused vacation in excess of six (6) calendar weeks is only permitted in cases involving payment of premiums for early retiree health insurance as provided in 31 IAC 2-17.1 or the retiree flexible spending program described in 31 IAC 4.

(3) Payment for unused vacation leave, not to exceed two hundred twenty-five (225) hours, and all earned overtime and holiday leave shall be paid to beneficiaries of deceased employees.

(4) If the employee has anticipated vacation or holiday leave, and separated from the service before actually earning such leave, payment for leave used but unearned shall be deducted from the final payment of salary.

(5) Full-time employees who resign before they have completed six (6) months of merit employment, or part-time employees who resign before completing one (1) year of merit employment, will not be paid for any vacation leave.

(g) Charging of leave shall be as follows:

(1) Vacation leave shall be charged in fifteen (15) minute increments.

(2) Vacation shall not be charged on a legal holiday.

(h) An employee who resigns in good standing after June 30, 1982, and is subsequently rehired shall have reinstated, six (6) months after rehire, any vacation leave that was accrued but was unused and uncompensated at the time of their resignation. However, vacation leave that was compensated under 31 IAC 2-17.1 or 31 IAC 4 shall not be reinstated. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-3; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 125; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 516; filed Apr 28, 1982, 12:50 p.m.: 5 IR 1165, eff Jun 30, 1982; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 p.m.: 7 IR 18, eff Jan 1, 1984; filed Dec 1, 1995, 3:00 p.m.: 19 IR 612, eff Jan 1, 1996; filed Dec 1, 1997, 4:30 p.m.: 21 IR 1254, eff Jan 1, 1998; filed May 10, 2000, 3:24 p.m.: 23 IR 2404, eff Jul 1, 2000; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-11-4 Sick leave**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 4-15-2-30

Sec. 4. (a) Sick leave is defined as absence from duty of an employee because of personal illness, injury, or legal quarantine. Sick leave may also be used for an illness or injury in the employee's immediate family that necessitates the employee's absence from work. For this purpose, "immediate family" means spouse, child, or parent who resides with, and is dependent upon, the employee for care and support. The director or appointing authority may at any time require of an employee a medical certificate from the attending physician or a designated physician, documenting the nature and extent of the disability or fitness to return to duty. The cost of such certification from a designated physician shall be the responsibility of the appointing authority. Sick leave may be granted if accrued and shall be charged in the same manner as vacation leave in accordance with section 3(g) of this rule.

(b) Sick leave with pay shall accrue to full-time employees in the classified service at the rate of seven and one-half (7.5) hours for every two (2) full months of employment; plus seven and one-half (7.5) additional hours for every four (4) months of full-time employment. Employees working on a part-time basis shall earn sick leave at the rate of three and three-fourths (3.75) hours for every two (2) months of employment; plus three and three-fourths (3.75) additional hours for every four (4) months of employment. Sick leave will not accrue to hourly, per diem, temporary, intermittent, or contractual employees or employees working less than half time.

(c) On separation, compensation for unused sick leave is only permitted under the retiree flexible spending program described in 31 IAC 4.

(d) An employee who resigns in good standing after June 30, 1982, and is subsequently rehired shall have reinstated any accrued sick leave that was unused and uncompensated at the time of their resignation. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-4; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 127; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 517; filed Jan 10, 1979, 3:40 p.m.: 2 IR 136; filed Apr 28, 1982, 12:50 p.m.: 5 IR 1166; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2093; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 p.m.: 7 IR 19, eff Jan 1, 1984; filed Sep 8, 1992, 5:00 p.m.: 16 IR 6; filed Dec 1, 1997, 4:30 p.m.: 21 IR 1255, eff Jan 1, 1998; filed May 10, 2000, 3:24 p.m.: 23 IR 2405, eff Jul 1, 2000; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-11-4.5 Personal leave**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 4-15-2-30

Sec. 4.5. (a) Personal leave is defined as absence from duty with pay for personal reasons.

(b) Personal leave shall accrue to full-time employees at the rate of seven and one-half (7.5) hours for every four (4) months of full-time employment and to part-time employees working at least half time at the rate of three and three-fourths (3.75) hours for every four (4) months of service. Personal leave shall not be granted to hourly, per diem, temporary, intermittent, contractual, or employees working less than half time.

(c) No employee may accrue a personal leave balance in excess of twenty-two and one-half (22.5) hours. If an employee is otherwise eligible to accrue personal leave, but the accrual thereof would increase his account balance beyond the twenty-two and one-half (22.5) hour limit, the personal leave shall be credited to the employee's accrued sick leave balance.

(d) The appointing authority may establish procedures for employees to follow in securing authorization for absence on personal leave.

(e) On separation, compensation for unused personal leave is only permitted under the retiree flexible spending program described in 31 IAC 4.

(f) An employee who resigns in good standing after June 30, 1982, and is subsequently rehired shall have reinstated, six (6) months after rehire, any personal leave that was accrued but unused and uncompensated at the time of their resignation. *(State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-11-4.5; filed Apr 28, 1982, 12:50 p.m.: 5 IR 1166, eff Jun 30, 1982; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 p.m.: 7 IR 20, eff Jan 1, 1984; filed Dec 1, 1997, 4:30 p.m.: 21 IR 1256, eff Jan 1, 1998; filed May 10, 2000, 3:24 p.m.: 23 IR 2406, eff Jul 1, 2000; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-11-5 Occupational injuries compensation payments (Repealed)**

Sec. 5. *(Repealed by State Personnel Department; filed Aug 7, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 2218, eff Jul 1, 1989)*

**31 IAC 2-11-6 Special sick leave (Repealed)**

Sec. 6. *(Repealed by State Personnel Department; filed Aug 7, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 2218, eff Jul 1, 1989)*

**31 IAC 2-11-7 Occupational disease or injury; adjustment of compensation payments**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 4-15-2-30

Sec. 7. In cases of occupational disease or injury suffered in line of duty in which the employee elects to use accumulated vacation, sick leave, personal leave, and/or overtime prior to the commencement of worker's compensation payments, the amount of leave charged shall be reduced in the ratio of worker's compensation payments to total salary. This applies to the seven (7) day waiting period if it is determined to be compensable. If vacation, sick leave, personal leave, and/or overtime is used concurrently with worker's compensation payments in order to pay full salary, the amount of leave charged shall be on the basis of the amount paid not covered by the worker's compensation payment. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-7; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 127; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 518; filed Aug 7, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 2210, eff Jul 1, 1989 [IC 4-22-2-36 suspends the effectiveness of a rule document for thirty (30) days after filing with the secretary of state. LSA Document #89-35(F) was filed Aug 7, 1989.]; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-11-8 Paid leave**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 8. (A) Subject to prior approval by the State Personnel Director, an appointing authority may authorize leave with pay for a regular employee for the purpose of securing special education or training, other than departmental in-service, directly appropriate to the employee's position, and which will result in benefit to the state.

(B) The appointing authority may allow leave with pay, not to exceed the employee's next three (3) regularly scheduled work days, in the event of the death of any relative specified in this section. The amount of time granted ordinarily will depend upon the closeness of relationship to the deceased and amount of travel necessitated by attendance at the funeral. Such leave may be granted upon the death of a husband, wife, father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, or the spouse of any of these, or a person living in the same household with the employee. For a married employee, these members of the spouse's family are included.

(C) Employees occupying positions in the State classified service, except employees paid by the hour or day, who are lawfully required to report for jury duty, or to serve as witnesses before any body or agency having subpoena powers, shall be granted leaves

of absence by their appointing authorities from their positions during the required absence for such duty. When such leaves of absence are granted for jury duty or to serve as witnesses in matters relating to employment with the State, they shall receive that portion of their regular salary from the State which will, together with the compensation for such court service, equal their total regular salary for the same period.

(D) Employees in the classified service who are members of the Armed Forces Reserves or the National Guard shall be entitled to a leave of absence, not to exceed fifteen calendar days in any calendar year, without loss of pay or time. The employee shall be required to submit a written order or official statement requiring the military duty. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-8; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 128; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 518; filed Jan 27, 1977, 3:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 639; filed Jan 10, 1979, 3:40 pm: 2 IR 136; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2093; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-11-9 Unpaid leave**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 9. Leave Without Pay (General). The appointing authority, with the approval of the Director, may grant an employee leave without pay for a period not to exceed two years, whenever such leave is considered to be in the best interests of the service. Such leave shall be requested in writing by the employee and shall require written approval by the appointing authority and the Director. Except under unusual circumstances, voluntary separation from the service in order to accept employment not in the State Service shall not be considered by the Director as sufficient cause for the approval of a leave of absence without pay. Upon expiration of a regularly approved leave without pay, or sooner upon due notice if the interests of the service make it necessary, the employee shall be returned to a position in the same class as the position held at the time leave was granted. Employees on leave without pay due to personal illness, injury, or legal quarantine may be required to submit medical proof from a designated physician of fitness to return to work before resuming duties. Failure of an employee on leave to report for duty within 5 working days after the appointing authority issues a written notice to return shall be deemed a resignation. At the time such notice is sent to the employee on leave, the appointing authority shall send a copy to the Director. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-9; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 128; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 518; filed Aug 23, 1978, 3:35 pm: 1 IR 635; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-11-10 Military leave without pay**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 10. (a) Any employee, upon request, shall be granted a leave of absence without pay to cover the length of his services in the armed forces of the United States.

(b) Reinstatement from such leaves of absence will be made in accordance with the policies outlined below.

(1) An employee granted a military leave of absence will accrue his credit for length of service during his absence for promotional examinations or for other changes in status within the service.

(2) No sick leave, personal leave or vacation leave credits will accrue during military leave.

(3) An employee granted a military leave will retain his status and rank on any promotional list on which his name appears as long as the promotional list is in effect.

(c) An employee granted a military leave of absence shall be reinstated to his former class of position upon his return provided that:

(1) He was separated from the service under honorable conditions.

(2) His written application for reinstatement is made in compliance with applicable selective service provisions. The written application for reinstatement should be addressed to the appointing authority of the agency or institution in which the employee worked when leave was granted and a copy sent to the state personnel department.

(3) He is physically and mentally fit to satisfactorily perform his assigned responsibilities.

(d) An employee returning from military leave shall be reinstated in the same class as that which he held when granted the leave, unless the class has been eliminated from the state classification plan or from the organizational plan of the agency involved. The reinstatement shall be at the same or greater salary, provided that the salary is within the current range for the class. If the class has been eliminated, the appointing authority shall recommend in writing to the state personnel department reinstatement in an appropriate class in the same salary grade and employment area as the eliminated class.

If there is no vacancy in the former class and level of employment, a vacancy shall be created by demoting the employee in the appropriate class who has the least retention score. If demotion is not feasible, said employee will be laid off.

If the employee on military leave fails to make application for return from leave in compliance with applicable selective service provisions after his compulsory tour of duty or completion of his original enlistment, such failure will be considered as an automatic resignation. If the veteran was a regular employee at the time he left for military service, he shall have reemployment rights. If he was serving an original working test, he may have his name placed on the appropriate employment list or lists, if the list or lists are still in effect, by submitting a written request to the state personnel director. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-10; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am; Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 129; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am; Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 519; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm; 5 IR 2094; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 pm; 7 IR 20, eff Jan 1, 1984; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-11-11 Special leave without pay**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 4-15-2-30

Sec. 11. Special Leave Without Pay. Subject to the approval of the Director, regular employees occupying positions in the State classified service may be granted special leaves of absence without pay to accept appointment to positions in the civil government of the State of Indiana which are not included in the State Service, as defined in the State Personnel Act [IC 4-15-2].

The special leave may be granted originally for any period of time up to a maximum of four years. Such leave may be extended annually after the end of the fourth year to cover entire period of employment in the position.

Upon termination of service in the position not in the classified service, the employee shall be returned to the same or a reasonably comparable position as the position held at the time leave was granted. The rate of pay upon return to the classified position shall be no less than that being paid at the time leave was granted unless such rate of pay is precluded due to change of salary grade or range for the class. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 11, Sec 11-11; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am; Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 130; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am; Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 520; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-11-12 Maternity leave (Repealed)**

Sec. 12. (*Repealed by State Personnel Department; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1991*)

**Rule 12. Disciplinary Actions and Separations**

**31 IAC 2-12-1 Demotion**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-18; IC 4-15-2-30

Sec. 1. An appointing authority or his designee may demote a regular employee whose ability to perform the duties of his position falls below standard, or for disciplinary purposes, or for other good cause, by filing a statement of reasons with the Director and the employee concerned at least ten days before the effective date thereof. If the demotion is to a class within the same job family as the position from which the employee is demoted, no test is required and the employee is deemed to have status in the lower class. The appointing authority may demote an employee to a classification not in the same job family as the position from which the employee is demoted only if the employee meets the minimum qualifications for the new class and passes a noncompetitive

qualifying exam. An employee may elect to receive a demotion rather than be laid off. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 12, Sec 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1593; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 224; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 159; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 130; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 521; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2095; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 12, Sec. 12-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-12-2 Suspension**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-33

Sec. 2. (a) An appointing authority or his designee may suspend any employee without pay, for disciplinary purposes, by filing a written statement of reasons with the director. An appointing authority or his designee may suspend without pay a regular employee, for disciplinary purposes, for such time as he considers appropriate, not to exceed thirty (30) days in any twelve (12) month period.

(b) With the approval of the director, a regular employee may be suspended for a longer period pending an investigation or trial of any charges against him. If the outcome of the charges or trial of any charges is favorable to the employee, the appointing authority shall reimburse the employee for any lost wages and benefits for the suspension period less any wages the employee might have earned during the suspension period from other employment.

(c) An overtime exempt employee (that is, an employee who is ineligible for premium overtime compensation) may only be suspended, under this section, in increments of one (1) or more full calendar weeks, consistent with 29 CFR 541.118(a). (*State Personnel Department; Rule 12, Sec 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1594; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 224; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 159; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 131; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 521; filed Jul 28, 1994, 4:00 p.m.: 17 IR 2798; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 12, Sec. 12-2. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-12-3 Dismissal**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
 Affected: IC 4-15-2-21; IC 4-15-2-34

Sec. 3. (a) An appointing authority or his or her designee may dismiss a regular employee and terminate his or her employment immediately by presenting the employee with a written notice of suspension without pay pending dismissal thirty (30) days following.

(b) A regular employee may, within thirty (30) days from the date the employee receives notice (as defined in 31 IAC 2-13-4(b)) of the action taken, initiate a complaint under 31 IAC 2-13.

(c) An appointing authority may dismiss an employee in a working test in accordance with IC 4-15-2-21.

(d) A duration employee may be dismissed at the discretion of the appointing authority.

(e) Absence from duty, without approval in accordance with this article or 31 IAC 3, for a period of five (5) working days may be considered by the appointing authority and the director as cause for dismissal.

(f) A dismissed employee shall forfeit all accrued sick, personal, and vacation leave.

(g) In cases of reinstatement:

- (1) forfeited accrued sick, personal, and vacation leave; and
- (2) earned overtime;

shall be restored.

(h) If subsequent to employment it is discovered that an employee has materially falsified his or her application, this act will constitute cause for dismissal.

(i) Except as provided in 31 IAC 3-1-14(b) or 31 IAC 3-1-27(c), an employee, eligible for benefits or subject to the elimination period under 31 IAC 3-1, may not be dismissed from employment due to his or her absence which results solely from the disability. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 12, Sec 3; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1594; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 224; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 159; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.:*



*Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 131; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 521; filed Jan 27, 1977, 3:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 640; filed May 10, 1983, 3:07 p.m.: 6 IR 1006, eff Jul 1, 1983; filed Nov 1, 1983, 4:00 p.m.: 7 IR 22, eff Jan 1, 1984; filed Aug 7, 1989, 3:30 p.m.: 12 IR 2211, eff Jul 1, 1989 [IC 4-22-2-36 suspends the effectiveness of a rule document for thirty (30) days after filing with the secretary of state. LSA Document #89-35(F) was filed Aug 7, 1989.]; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1988; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-12-4 Resignation**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-18; IC 4-15-2-25

Sec. 4. Resignation. Any employee wishing to leave the classified service in good standing shall give the appointing authority at least two weeks written notice in advance of separation. Under unusual circumstances, less time may be considered as sufficient to permit the employee to leave the service in good standing. Failure to comply with this rule shall be entered on the service record of the employee, and may be the cause of denying future employment by the State. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 12, Sec 4; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1594; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 225; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 160; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 131; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 522; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 12, Sec. 12-4. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-12-5 Layoffs**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-18; IC 4-15-9-3

Sec. 5. (a) An appointing authority may lay off an employee in accordance with the provisions of IC 4-15-2-18.

(b) In effecting a layoff in any classification, all employees in the class in the same agency or institution shall be considered. For purposes of this section, offices and positions of employment in each county where the division of service operates is considered one (1) autonomous unit and layoff procedures will apply within the county affected by the layoff.

(c) The order of layoff shall be as follows:

(1) Any employee not having permanent status.

(2) Permanent employees on the basis of their retention scores, beginning with the lowest score.

(d) An employee in regular status, who was reemployed from a reemployment list or rehired under 31 IAC 1-13 and/or IC 4-15-9-3, within one (1) year after being laid off, shall be considered as having had continuous creditable service, except that time in out-of-pay status due to the layoff must be deducted. Upon such reemployment or rehire, all accrued leave is restored. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 12, Sec 5; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1595; filed May 6, 1949, 9:05 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1950, p. 137; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 225; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1957, p. 160; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 131; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 522; filed May 10, 1983, 3:07 p.m.: 6 IR 1007, eff Jul 1, 1983; filed Sep 8, 1992, 5:00 p.m.: 16 IR 7; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 12, Sec. 12-5. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-12-6 Retention points**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2; IC 4-15-9-3

Sec. 6. (a) For purposes of this rule, the employees' annual service ratings covering the three (3) years of service in the class immediately prior to the determination of the retention score shall be averaged and given retention points on the basis of the following groups:

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MERIT EMPLOYEES

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Service Rating Groups	Retention Points
1-39	0
40-49	1
50-59	2
60-100	10

An employee having less than three (3) years service in the class affected shall have his or her annual service ratings averaged for his or her entire employment in the class.

(b) Retention points for seniority shall be given as follows:

(1) One (1) point for each six (6) months of creditable service.

(2) One (1) additional point for each six (6) months of creditable service in the class affected or in a higher class in the same series.

(c) Creditable service shall be considered total continuous full-time employment, including the following:

(1) In determining creditable service for any employee, the appointment date in the official records of the state personnel department shall be used.

(2) In determining creditable service, time spent on an approved leave of absence without pay shall not be counted.

(3) Merit and nonmerit service will be credited in the same manner when calculating retention scores.

(d) An employee in regular status who was reemployed from a reemployment list or rehired under 31 IAC 1-13 and/or IC 4-15-9-3, within one (1) year after being laid off shall be considered as having continuous creditable service except that time in out-of-pay status due to the previous layoffs must be deducted.

(e) An employee in regular status who voluntarily separates himself or herself from the service and subsequently is reinstated from the reemployment list within the legal time limits shall be considered as having six (6) months of creditable service prior to the date of reemployment.

(f) In the event of a tie in the number of retention points, the employee having the lowest actual average service rating score shall be laid off first. If the actual average service rating scores are also tied, the employee who was most recently appointed to a position in the class affected shall be laid off. If the date of appointment to the class affected is the same, the employee with the lowest number, comprised of the last four (4) digits of the employee's Social Security number, shall be laid off.

(g) An employee who elects to take a demotion rather than being laid off shall have his or her retention score considered with all others in such lower classification provided he or she previously served in regular status in the lower classification. The employee may be demoted to a lower class in the same series without having previously served in such class in regular status only if an actual vacancy exists in such lower classification. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 12, Sec 12-6; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 132; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 a.m.: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 522; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2096; filed May 10, 1983, 3:07 p.m.: 6 IR 1007, eff Jul 1, 1983; filed Sep 8, 1992, 5:00 p.m.: 16 IR 7; filed Jun 9, 1994, 2:00 p.m.: 17 IR 2230; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

### Rule 13. Employee Complaints

#### 31 IAC 2-13-1 Filing complaints

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2-35

Sec. 1. (a) Any regular employee may file a complaint if his or her status of employment is involuntarily changed or if he or she deems conditions of employment to be unsatisfactory. However, the complaint procedure shall be initiated as soon as possible after the occurrence of the act or condition complained of and in no event shall be initiated more than thirty (30) calendar days after the employee is notified of a change in his or her status of employment or after an unsatisfactory condition of employment is created. Failure to initiate the complaint procedure within such time period shall render the complaint procedure unavailable to the employee.

(b) Prior to the filing of a complaint at Step I of the complaint procedure, the complaining employee shall have attained the permanent status of a regular employee within the state merit system. In compliance with 31 IAC 2-1-1(z), the employee must be one who has:

(1) met the minimum qualifications;

- (2) passed the examination;
- (3) completed the working test period; and
- (4) been certified by the appointing authority for the specific classification.

*(State Personnel Department; Rule 13, Sec 13-1; filed Apr 2, 1974, 2:15 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1975, p. 409; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1988; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-13-2 Settlements; investigations; hearings**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-35

Sec. 2. (a) Step I of the complaint procedure shall be as follows:

(1) The complaint procedure shall be initiated by a discussion of the complaint by the employee and his or her immediate supervisor. In the event the complaining employee has no immediate supervisor, his or her complaint shall immediately progress to Step II of the complaint procedure.

(2) The complaining employee may be accompanied by a fellow employee during the first step of the complaint procedure and, additionally, throughout the following Steps II and III of the procedure.

(3) In the event a mutually satisfactory settlement of the complaint is not made by the employee and his or her immediate supervisor within two (2) consecutive working days, such complaint may be submitted to Step II of the complaint procedure.

(b) Step II of the complaint procedure shall be as follows:

(1) The employee shall reduce his or her complaint to writing and present it to his or her intermediate supervisor. A copy of such complaint shall also be forwarded to the state personnel department at this time. In the event the complaining employee has no intermediate supervisor, his or her complaint shall immediately progress to Step III of the complaint procedure.

(2) Once the employee has reduced his or her complaint to writing at this step of the complaint procedure, the text of such complaint shall remain unaltered as the complaint progresses further in the complaint procedure.

(3) If a mutually satisfactory settlement of the complaint is not made by the employee and his or her intermediate supervisor within four (4) consecutive working days, such complaint may be submitted to Step III of the complaint procedure.

(c) Step III of the complaint procedure shall be as follows:

(1) At this step of the complaint procedure, the appointing authority or his or her designated representative shall hold such hearings and conduct such investigations as he or she deems necessary to render a decision as to the employee's complaint. Such decision shall be forwarded to the employee in written form within ten (10) consecutive working days.

(2) In the event a representative is designated by the appointing authority to act within this step of the complaint procedure, such designation shall be in writing and maintained on file in both the agency or institution and the state personnel department.

(3) In the event the appointing authority or his or her designated representative does not find in favor of the employee at Step III of the complaint procedure, the employee may elect to submit his or her complaint to the state personnel director. Submission to the director shall be made within fifteen (15) calendar days from receipt of the written Step III decision.

(d) Upon submission of the employee's complaint to the state personnel director, the director, or his or her designated representative may conduct any investigation deemed necessary to review the complaint and shall render a decision within fifteen (15) calendar days from the date of receipt of the complaint. Written notice of the decision of the director or his or her designated representative shall be sent to both the complaining employee and his or her appointing authority. *(State Personnel Department; Rule 13, Sec 13-2; filed Apr 2, 1974, 2:15 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1975, p. 410; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2096; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1989; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-13-3 Limitation of actions**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-35

Sec. 3. (a) The statutory time limits of:

- (1) two (2) consecutive working days in which to reach a mutually satisfactory settlement in Step I;
- (2) four (4) consecutive working days in Step II; and
- (3) ten (10) consecutive working days in Step III;

shall be strictly enforced. Failure of the immediate supervisor, the intermediate supervisor, or the appointing authority or his or her designee to answer the employee's complaint within such time periods permit the employee to submit the complaint to the next step in the complaint procedure.

(b) Failure of the employee to comply with the fifteen (15) day time limit in which to submit his or her complaint to the state personnel director shall render such complaint void, and the complaint shall be deemed to have terminated at the third step of the complaint procedure. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 13, Sec 13-3; filed Apr 2, 1974, 2:15 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1975, p. 411; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1989; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

### **31 IAC 2-13-4 Dismissals, demotions, suspensions, and layoffs; notice; complaint**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-35

Sec. 4. (a) Complaints concerning dismissals, demotions, suspensions, and layoffs shall be forwarded directly to the appointing authority or his or her designated representative within thirty (30) calendar days from the date the employee receives notice of the action taken. Failure on the part of the employee to file his or her complaint with the appointing authority or his or her designated representative within such time period shall render the complaint procedure unavailable to the employee.

(b) Notice of any dismissal, demotion, suspension, or lay-off action initiated by the appointing authority or his or her designee must be given to the employee. Such notice shall exist when the employee signs the official transaction indicating the action taken or when written notice of the action is duly delivered at his or her residence of record or at any other place held out by him or her as the place for the receipt of such communications or when the employee is notified in person as evidenced by a written acknowledgment showing the date of such notification. If notification is by mail, date of delivery shall be evidenced by certified mail receipt.

(c) The appointing authority may withdraw or modify the dismissal, demotion, suspension, or layoff at any time before the appeal is submitted to the state employee's appeals commission. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 13, Sec 13-4; filed Apr 2, 1974, 2:15 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1975, p. 411; filed Jan 27, 1977, 3:30 p.m.: Rules and Regs. 1978, p. 643; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 p.m.: 5 IR 2097; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1990; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

### **Rule 14. Records (Repealed)**

(*Repealed by State Personnel Department; filed Oct 16, 1984, 2:22 pm: 8 IR 135*)

### **Rule 15. Statement of Policy**

#### **31 IAC 2-15-1 Political activity; prohibited application questions**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-40

Sec. 1. (A) No question on any application form or in any oral interview shall be so framed as to elicit information concerning race, or political, social, or religious opinions or affiliations.

(B) No member of the State Personnel Board nor employee in the classified service may be forced to make contributions for a political purpose; or be required to participate in any political activity. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 15, Sec 1; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1599; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 232; filed Sep 12, 1956, 12:30 pm: Rules and Regs. 1957; p. 165; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 136; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 527; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2098; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 15, Sec. 15-1. NOTE: Transferred from

*the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**Rule 16. Continuation of Standing of Employees; Earned Leaves**

**31 IAC 2-16-1 Standing of employees under personnel act**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 1. Standing of Employees under State Personnel Act [IC 4-15-2]. The standing of the officers and employees of the State Department of Public Welfare of Indiana, the Indiana State Board of Health and Indiana Employment Security Division, together with the classification, compensation, salary ranges, and standings of such persons, and all records and papers concerning the same, and such rules and regulations in force in said bodies which do not conflict with existing laws and rules, and all eligible lists in force, together with all sick leave, vacation leave, and overtime earned by said employees of said bodies, and existing at the time said employees were permanently taken into the Merit System, established by Chapter 139 [IC 4-15-2] of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1941, together with all provisions of the Merit System approved by the Social Security Board, the Children's Bureau, U.S. Department of Labor, and the U.S. Public Health Service, and in force in said bodies at the time the Merit System, as approved by the Social Security Board, the Children's Bureau, U.S. Department of Labor and the U.S. Public Health Service, was merged into the Merit System, established by said Chapter 139 [IC 4-15-2], are to be continued in full force and effect under the rules and regulations of the State Personnel Board. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 16, Sec 1; Filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1599; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 232; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 137; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 527; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 16, Sec. 16-1. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-16-2 Standing of employees under subsequent legislation**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-5

Affected: IC 4-15-2

Sec. 2. Standing of Employees under Subsequent Legislation. The standing of all officers and employees of the State Service, as defined in I.C. 1971, 4-15-2-3, subsection (a) together with the classification, compensation, salary ranges, and standings of such persons, and all records and papers concerning the same, and such rules and regulations in force in said bodies, which do not conflict with existing laws and rules, and all eligible lists in force, together with all sick and vacation leaves and overtime earned by said employees of said bodies, divisions, departments, agencies, and bureaus constituting the State Service, and existing on March 3, 1943, at 10:20 a.m. when Chapter 101, Acts of 1943, became a law, together with all provisions of the Merit System approved by the Social Security Board, the Children's Bureau, United States Department of Labor, and the United States Public Health Service, and in force in said bodies at the time the Merit System, as approved by the Social Security Board, the Children's Bureau, United States Department of Labor, and the United States Public Health Service, was merged into the Merit System established by said Chapter 139, as amended by Chapter 101, Acts of 1943, are to be continued in full force and effect under the rules and regulations of the State Personnel Board are expressly so continued and readopted without the abrogation, nullification, or suspension of any right, status, or standing of any person lawfully appointed and now employed in the State Service. (*State Personnel Department; Rule 16, Sec 2; filed Sep 28, 1946, 10:00 am: Rules and Regs. 1947, p. 1599; filed Apr 27, 1950, 4:28 pm: Rules and Regs. 1951, p. 233; filed Aug 17, 1967, 8:40 am: Rules and Regs. 1968, p. 137; filed Apr 19, 1972, 9:10 am: Rules and Regs. 1973, p. 528; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Alternatively cited as Rule 16, Sec. 16-2. NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**Rule 17. Retirement (Repealed)**

*(Repealed by State Personnel Department; filed Mar 29, 1995, 4:30 p.m.: 18 IR 1991)*

### **Rule 17.1. Early Retirement Benefit Program**

#### **31 IAC 2-17.1-1 Eligibility**

Authority: IC 4-15-1.8-6; IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 5-10-8-8

Sec. 1. (a) A full-time employee, who resigns in good standing, is entitled to convert accrued but unused vacation days, that were not compensated at separation, to the extent needed to pay insurance premiums for continuation of coverage under a state sponsored health insurance program if the individual meets all of the following criteria:

(1) The employee must retire after June 30, 1995, but before January 1, 1997.

(2) The employee must not be eligible for Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.

(3) Before April 1, 1996, or within ninety (90) days after the employee's retirement date, whichever is later, the retiree must file a written request for insurance coverage and request to utilize this rule for the purpose of paying premiums.

(4) If the employee is a member of the public employees' retirement fund or Indiana state teachers' retirement fund, the retiring employee must be at least fifty (50) years of age and have at least fifteen (15) years of creditable service.

(5) If the employee is a member of the state excise police and conservation enforcement officers' retirement plan, the retiring employee must be at least forty-five (45) years of age and have at least fifteen (15) years of creditable service.

(b) A retired employee who is eligible for the benefits of this rule may elect to have the retiree's spouse covered under the health insurance program and use the vacation leave conversion benefit provided by this rule to pay the spouse's premium. (*State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-17.1-1; filed Dec 1, 1995, 3:00 p.m.: 19 IR 613, eff Jan 1, 1996; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*)

#### **31 IAC 2-17.1-2 Conversion of vacation leave to health insurance premiums**

Authority: IC 4-15-1.8-6; IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2-6

Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 5-10-8-8

Sec. 2. (a) For the purpose of paying early retiree health insurance premiums, the value of accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation is determined by dividing by ten (10) the retiree's regular biweekly salary, as reflected on the state personnel department's staffing report as of the date of separation, and multiplying the quotient by the number of vacation days that were accrued, unused, and uncompensated at the time of separation.

(b) The retiring employee has the option to receive monetary compensation for up to six (6) weeks of accrued but unused vacation leave upon separation in good standing, under 31 IAC 2-11-3(f)(1), or to forgo all or part of that monetary compensation and convert those vacation days into health insurance premium payments under this rule. The retiring employee's election under this subsection is irrevocable.

(c) For the retired employee, an amount equal to the employer's and employee's premium for an active employee covered by the state's self-insured group health insurance program will be charged against the value of the retiree's accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation days. The entire premium established by a health maintenance organization for retiree coverage will be charged against the value of accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation days of a retiree who elects coverage under a prepaid health care delivery plan.

(d) If the retired employee's spouse is covered by the state's self-insured group health insurance program, an amount equal to the employer's and employee's premium for family self-insured group health insurance coverage for an active employee will be charged against the value of the retired employee's accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation days. The entire premium established by a health maintenance organization for retiree family coverage will be charged against the value of accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation days of a retiree who elects coverage for the retiree's spouse under a prepaid health care delivery plan.

(e) Requests made under section 1(a)(3) of this rule to participate in this program will only take effect prospectively. Requests for retroactive payments under this program will not be granted. (*State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-17.1-2; filed Dec 1, 1995, 3:00 p.m.: 19 IR 613, eff Jan 1, 1996; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*)

**31 IAC 2-17.1-3 Benefit termination**

Authority: IC 4-15-1.8-6; IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2-6  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 5-10-8-8

Sec. 3. (a) A retiree's eligibility to receive the early retiree benefit of converting accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation leave to pay health insurance premiums ends on the earliest of the following:

- (1) The date the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.
  - (2) The date all accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation leave has been exhausted.
  - (3) The date the retiree is again employed on a full-time basis by a public employer or state educational institution.
- (b) The eligibility of the retiree's spouse to receive the benefits of this rule ends on the earliest of the following:
- (1) The date the spouse becomes eligible for Medicare coverage as prescribed by 42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.
  - (2) The date all of the retired spouse's accrued but unused and uncompensated vacation leave has been exhausted.
  - (3) The date the retiree is again employed on a full-time basis by a public employer or state educational institution.
  - (4) Two (2) years after the date of the retiree's death.
  - (5) The date the spouse of a deceased retiree remarries.

*(State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-17.1-3; filed Dec 1, 1995, 3:00 p.m.: 19 IR 614, eff Jan 1, 1996; errata filed Dec 1, 1995, 3:00 p.m.: 19 IR 674; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA)*

**31 IAC 2-17.1-4 Limitations**

Authority: IC 4-15-1.8-6; IC 4-15-1.8-7; IC 4-15-2-6  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-29; IC 5-10-8-8

Sec. 4. This rule is not intended to create any additional rights to payment for accrued but unused vacation, other than for the payment of an early retiree's health insurance premiums as provided in this rule. Monetary payment to a former employee for accrued but unused vacation continues to be limited to six (6) weeks in accordance with 31 IAC 2-11-3(f). *(State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-17.1-4; filed Dec 1, 1995, 3:00 p.m.: 19 IR 614, eff Jan 1, 1996; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA)*

**Rule 18. Employee Awards System**

**31 IAC 2-18-1 Submission and review of suggestions**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-6

Sec. 1. Suggestions shall be submitted to the State Personnel Department on the prescribed form. The suggestion will be reviewed by the Suggestion Committee to determine if the employee submitting the suggestion is eligible to be considered for a monetary award. If the employee is eligible for an award, the suggestion will be forwarded to any agencies it would affect for a determination as to the practicality of implementing the suggestion and a cost analysis of projected savings. The affected agencies shall return the suggestion to the Suggestion Committee, with a statement of its findings as to the viability of the suggestion, whether or not the suggestion will be implemented, and an estimate of the savings to be realized in the first year after implementation. The Suggestion Committee may then authorize payment of an award to the employee submitting the suggestion. *(State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-18-1; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2099; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.*

**31 IAC 2-18-2 Amount of awards**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-6

Sec. 2. (a) In determining the amount of award to be granted to an employee for a suggestion that will reduce costs, the

Suggestion Committee may follow these guidelines.

- (1) If the anticipated first year savings is \$100,000 or less, the maximum award allowable is 5% of the first year savings.
- (2) If the anticipated first year savings is \$200,000 or less, but greater than \$100,000 the maximum award allowable is 2 1/2% of the first year savings plus 5% of \$100,000.
- (3) If the anticipated first year savings is greater than \$200,000, the maximum award allowable is 1% of the first year savings plus 2 1/2% of \$200,000 plus 5% of \$100,000.
- (4) No suggestion award shall exceed \$13,000.

(b) When a suggestion has no demonstrable cost-savings, the Suggestion Committee, considering such factors as importance, scope of application, and ingenuity, may make a monetary award. (*State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-18-2; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2099; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-18-3 Duplicate, joint, and agency suggestions**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-6

Sec. 3. (a) If more than one employee submits the same suggestion, only the first received in the office of the State Personnel Department will be considered eligible for an award.

(b) If a suggestion is made jointly, by more than one employee, any award granted will be divided equally among the group.

(c) If prior consideration has been given to a suggestion or if the suggestion incorporates a recommendation made by one state agency to another, it may be grounds to deny an award. (*State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-18-3; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2100; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

**31 IAC 2-18-4 Finality of decisions**

Authority: IC 4-15-2-6  
Affected: IC 4-15-2-6

Sec. 4. The decision of the Suggestion Committee is final as to eligibility for an award or the amount of any award. (*State Personnel Department; 31 IAC 2-18-4; filed Aug 17, 1982, 3:45 pm: 5 IR 2100; readopted filed May 4, 2001, 4:29 p.m.: 24 IR 2895; readopted filed Nov 15, 2007, 3:58 p.m.: 20071212-IR-031070660RFA*) NOTE: Transferred from the State Personnel Board (30 IAC 1) to the State Personnel Department (31 IAC 2) by Acts 1982, P.L.23, SECTION 41. Effective July 1, 1982.

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